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This article is about the German city. For other uses, see Cologne (disambiguation).

Cologne (German: *Köln*, pronounced [kœln] (listen); Kölsch language: *Kölle* ['kœłə]) is Germany's fourth-largest city (after Berlin, Hamburg and Munich), and is the largest city both in the German Federal State of North Rhine-Westphalia and within the Rhine-Ruhr Metropolitan Area, one of the major European metropolitan areas with more than ten million inhabitants. It is one of the oldest cities in Germany, having been founded by the Romans in the year 38 BC.

Cologne lies on the River Rhine. The city's famous Cologne Cathedral (*Kölner Dom*) is the seat of the Catholic Archbishop of Cologne. The University of Cologne (*Universität zu Köln*) is one of Europe's oldest universities.

Cologne is a major cultural center of the Rhineland and has a vibrant arts scene. Cologne is home to more than 30 museums and hundreds of galleries. Exhibitions range from local ancient Roman archeological sites to contemporary graphics and sculpture. The Cologne Trade Fair hosts a number of trade shows such as Art Cologne, the International Furniture Fair (IMM) and the Photokina. Cologne is also well-known for its celebration of Cologne Carnival, the annual reggae summerjam, and the gay/lesbian pride festival Christopher Street Day (CSD).

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Cologne Cathedral with Hohenzollern Bridge

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<a href="http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Rhine">
    River Rhine
</a>
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Rhine

Coordinates: 51°58′52.0572″N 4°4′54.3498″E

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This article is about the river. For other uses of Rhine, see Rhine (disambiguation). For other uses of Rhein, see Rhein (disambiguation).

The **Rhine** (German: *Rhein*; Dutch: *Rijn*; French: *Rhin*; Romansh: *Rain*; Italian: *Reno*; Latin: *Rhenus* West Frisian *Ryn*) is one of the longest and most important rivers in Europe, at 1,320 km (820 mi), with an average discharge of more than 2,000 m^3/s (71,000 cu ft/s).

The name of the Rhine derives from Gaulish *Renos*, and ultimately from the Proto-Indo-European root **reie-* ("to move, flow, run"), which is also the root of words like *river* and *run*.[2] The Reno River in Italy shares the same etymology. The spelling with -h- seems to be borrowed from the Greek form of the name, *Rhenos*.[2]

The Rhine and the Danube formed most of the northern inland frontier of the Roman Empire and, since those days, the Rhine has been a vital, navigable waterway, and carried trade and goods deep inland. It has also served as a defensive feature and has been the basis for regional and international borders. The many castles and prehistoric fortifications along the Rhine testify to its importance as a waterway. River traffic could be stopped at these locations, usually for the purpose of collecting

Rhine (*Rhein*)

River

Burg Katz, with Loreley rock in Rhineland-Palatinate

Name origin: Proto-Indo-European root **reie-* ("to move, flow, run")

Countries	Switzerland, Austria, Liechtenstein, Germany, France, Netherlands
Rhine Basin	Italy, Luxembourg, Belgium

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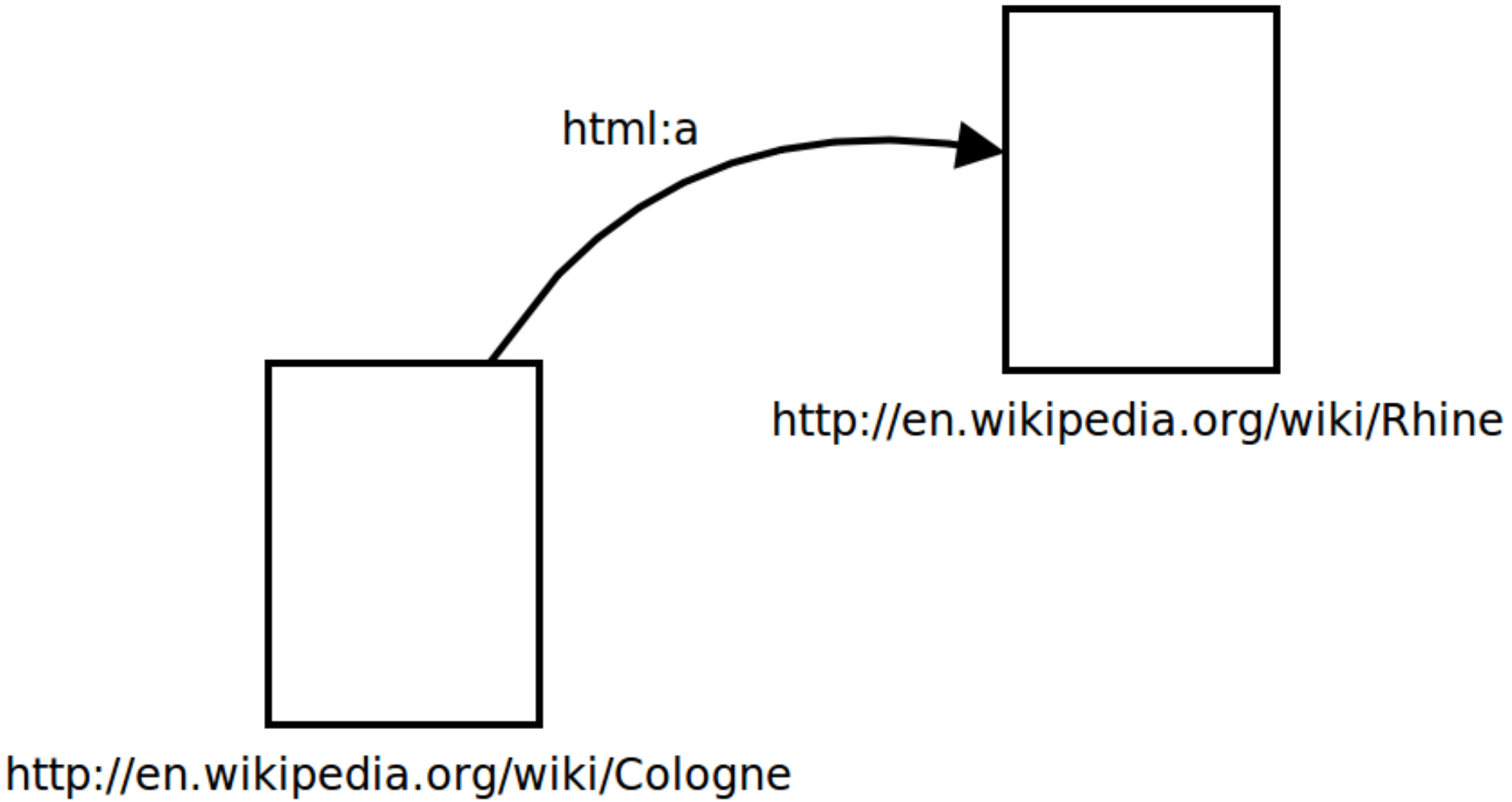
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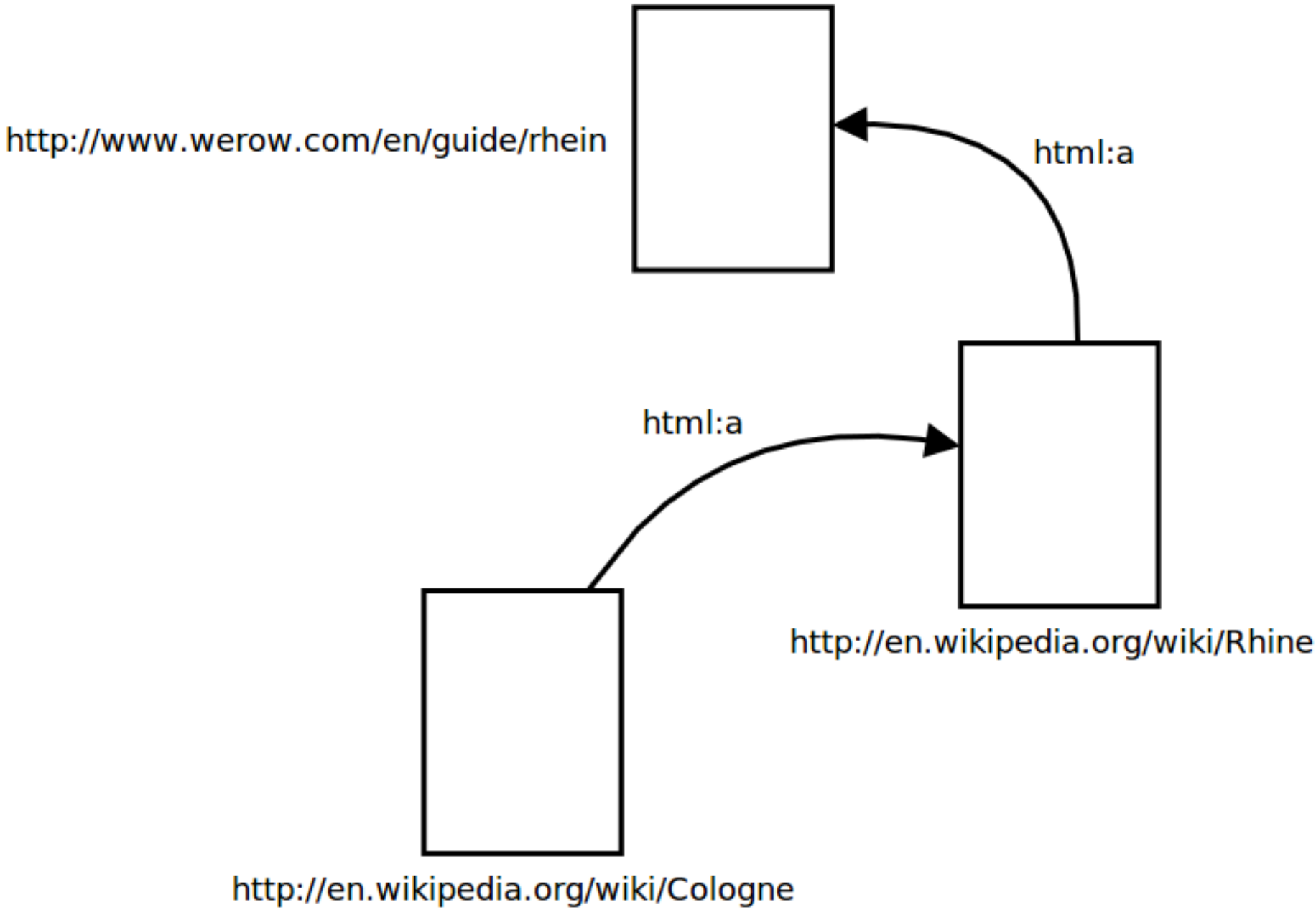
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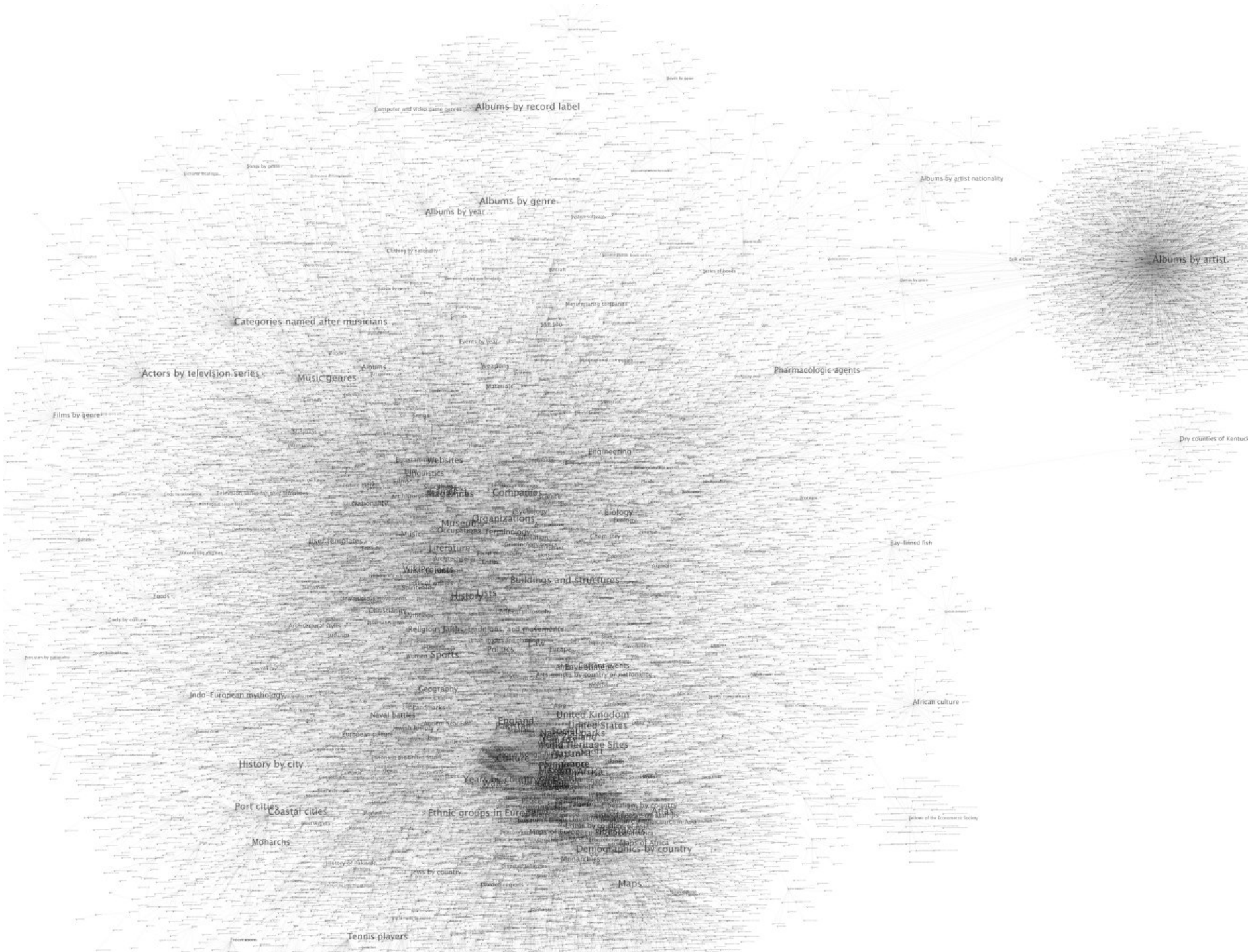
Albums by record label
Computer and video game genres
Albums by artist nationality
Albums by genre
Albums by year
Albums by artist
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Actors by television series
Music genres
Pharmacologic agents
Films by genre
Dry counties of Kentuck
Engineering
Websites
Companies
Biology
Organizations
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Chemistry
Literature
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United States
England
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Years by country
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Coastal cities
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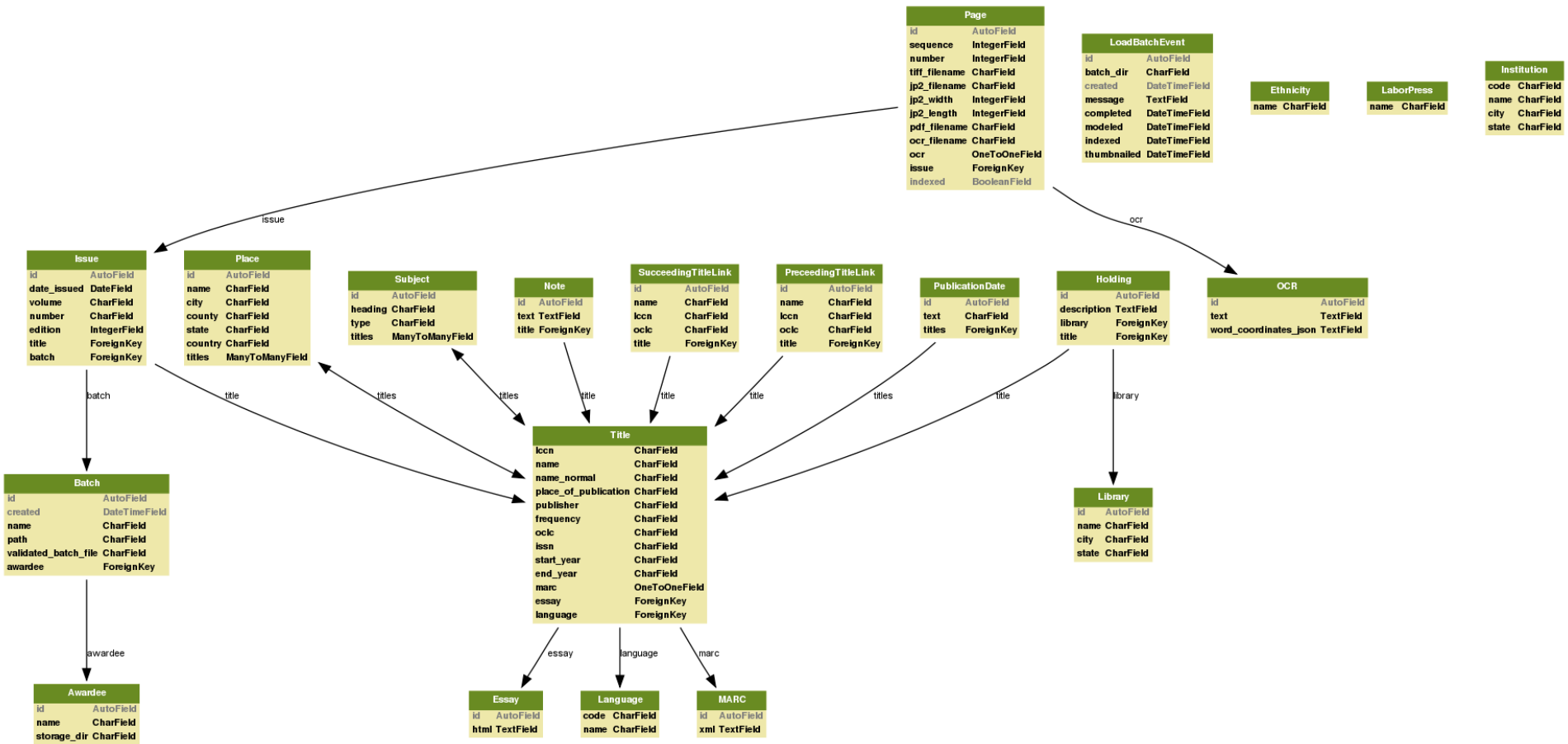
Monarchs
Demographics by country
Maps
Tennis players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ocr OneToOneField
issue ForeignKey
indexed BooleanField
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batch_dir CharField
created DateTimeField
message TextField
completed DateTimeField
modeled DateTimeField
indexed DateTimeField
thumbnailed DateTimeField
Ethnicity
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LaborPress
name CharField
Institution
code CharField
name CharField
city CharField
state CharField
issue
ocr
Issue
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date_issued DateField
volume CharField
number CharField
edition IntegerField
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county CharField
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title ForeignKey
SucceedingTitleLink
id AutoField
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lccn CharField
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text CharField
titles ForeignKey
Holding
id AutoField
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title ForeignKey
OCR
id AutoField
text TextField
word_coordinates_json TextField
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titles
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title
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title
library
Batch
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name CharField
name_normal CharField
place_of_publication CharField
publisher CharField
frequency CharField
oclc CharField
issn CharField
start_year CharField
end_year CharField
marc OneToOneField
essay ForeignKey
language ForeignKey
Library
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name CharField
city CharField
state CharField
awardee
Awardee
id AutoField
name CharField
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language
marc
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html TextField
Language
code CharField
name CharField
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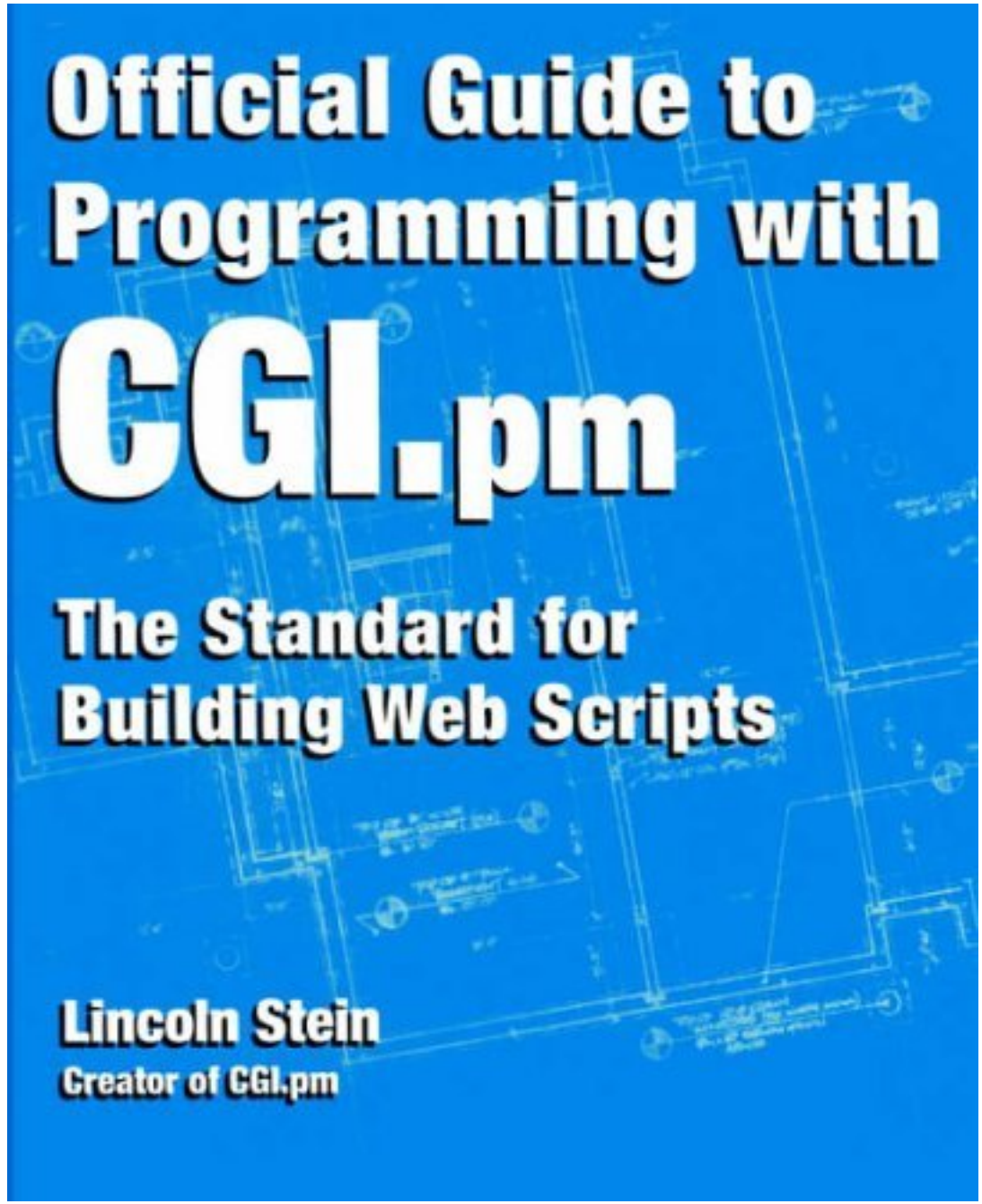
id AutoField
xml TextField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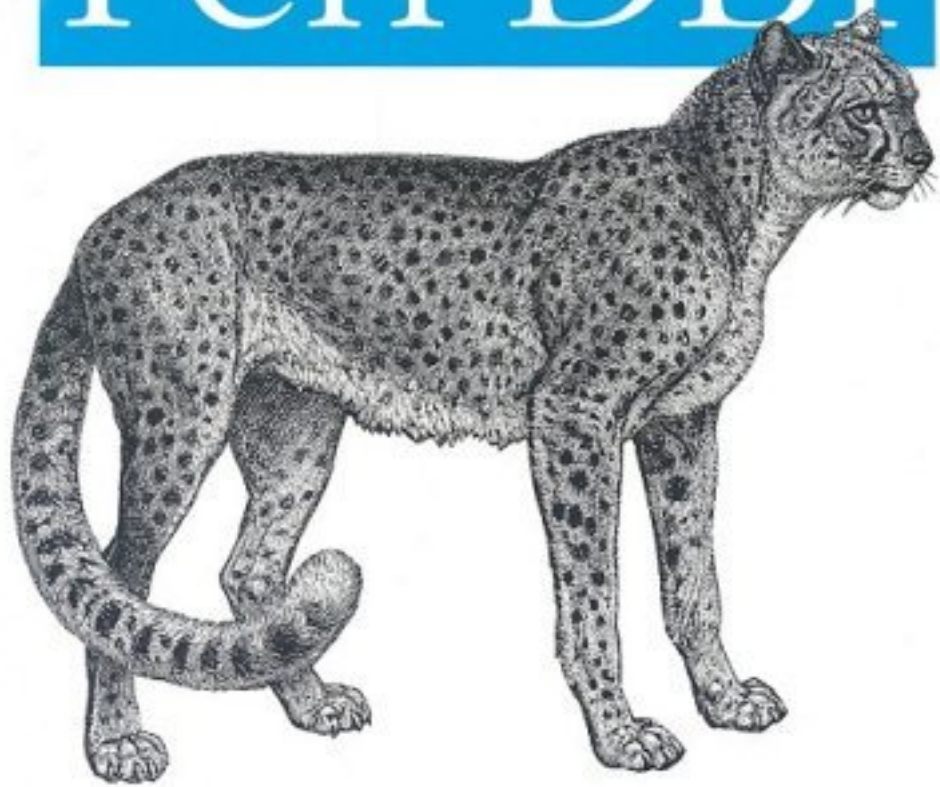
CGI.pm
The Standard for Building Web Scripts
Lincoln Stein
Creator of CGI.pm

Database Programming with Perl

Programming the Perl DBI



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django
ZOPE
RAILS
seaside
spring
source

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```

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map.connect('item', '/{lccn}', controller='views', action='item')
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map.connect('item', '/{lccn}', controller='views', action='item')
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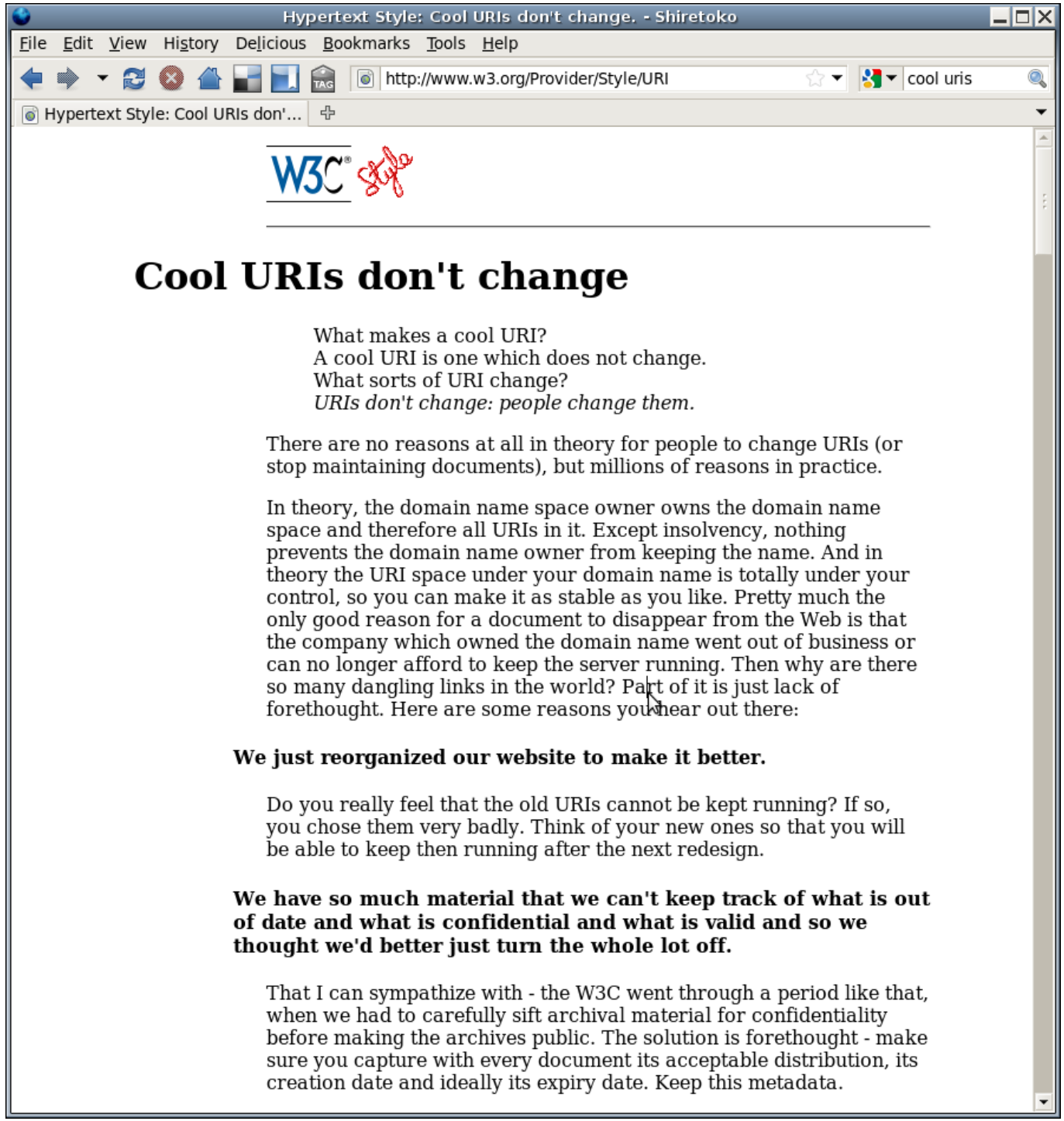


Cool URIs don't change

What makes a cool URI?
A cool URI is one which does not change.
What sorts of URI change?
URIs don't change: people change them.

There are no reasons at all in theory for people to change URIs (or stop maintaining documents), but millions of reasons in practice.

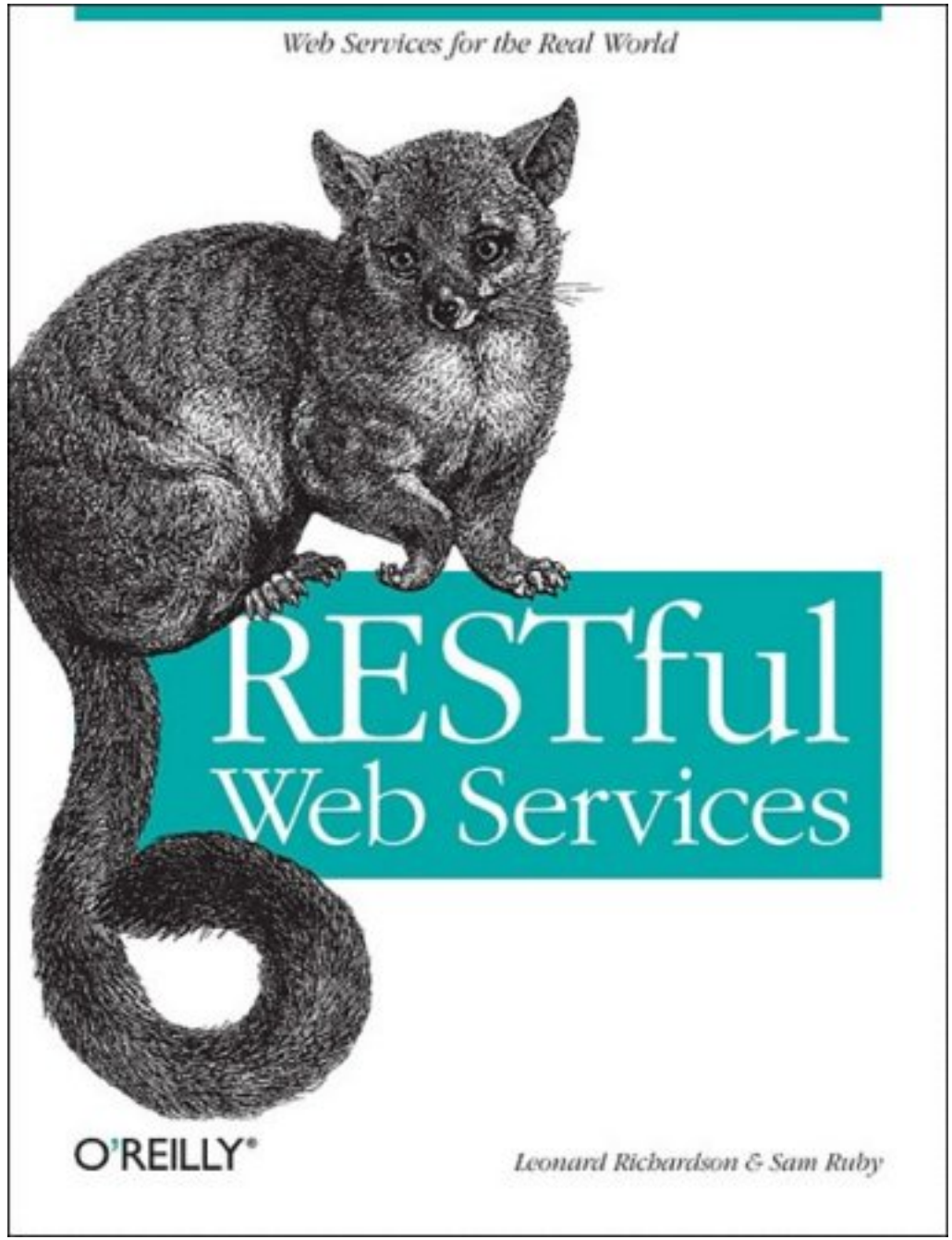
In theory, the domain name space owner owns the domain name space and therefore all URIs in it. Except insolvency, nothing prevents the domain name owner from keeping the name. And in theory the URI space under your domain name is totally under your control, so you can make it as stable as you like. Pretty much the only good reason for a document to disappear from the Web is that the company which owned the domain name went out of business or can no longer afford to keep the server running. Then why are there so many dangling links in the world? Part of it is just lack of forethought. Here are some reasons you hear out there:

We just reorganized our website to make it better.

Do you really feel that the old URIs cannot be kept running? If so, you chose them very badly. Think of your new ones so that you will be able to keep then running after the next redesign.

We have so much material that we can't keep track of what is out of date and what is confidential and what is valid and so we thought we'd better just turn the whole lot off.

That I can sympathize with - the W3C went through a period like that, when we had to carefully sift archival material for confidentiality before making the archives public. The solution is forethought - make sure you capture with every document its acceptable distribution, its creation date and ideally its expiry date. Keep this metadata.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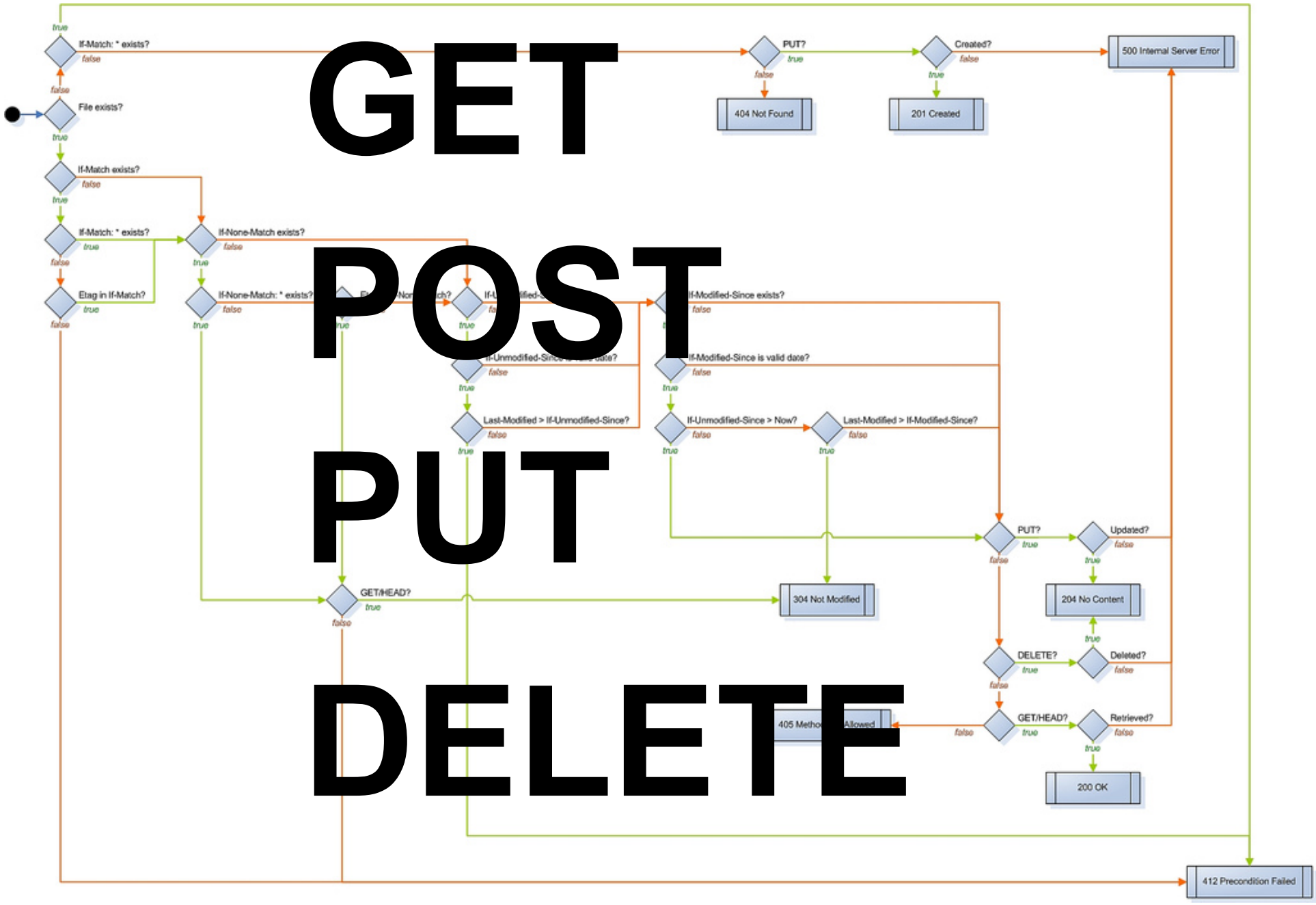
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POST
PUT
DELETE
If-Match: * exists?
false
true
PUT?
true
false
Created?
false
true
500 Internal Server Error
File exists?
true
404 Not Found
201 Created
If-Match exists?
false
true
If-Match: * exists?
true
false
If-None-Match exists?
false
true
Etag in If-Match?
true
false
If-None-Match: * exists?
false
true
If-Modified-Since exists?
false
If-Modified-Since is valid date?
false
true
Last-Modified > If-Unmodified-Since?
false
true
If-Unmodified-Since > Now?
false
true
Last-Modified > If-Modified-Since?
false
true
PUT?
true
false
Updated?
false
true
GET/HEAD?
true
false
304 Not Modified
204 No Content
DELETE?
true
false
Deleted?
false
true
GET/HEAD?
true
false
Retrieved?
false
true
405 Method Not Allowed
200 OK
412 Precondition Failed

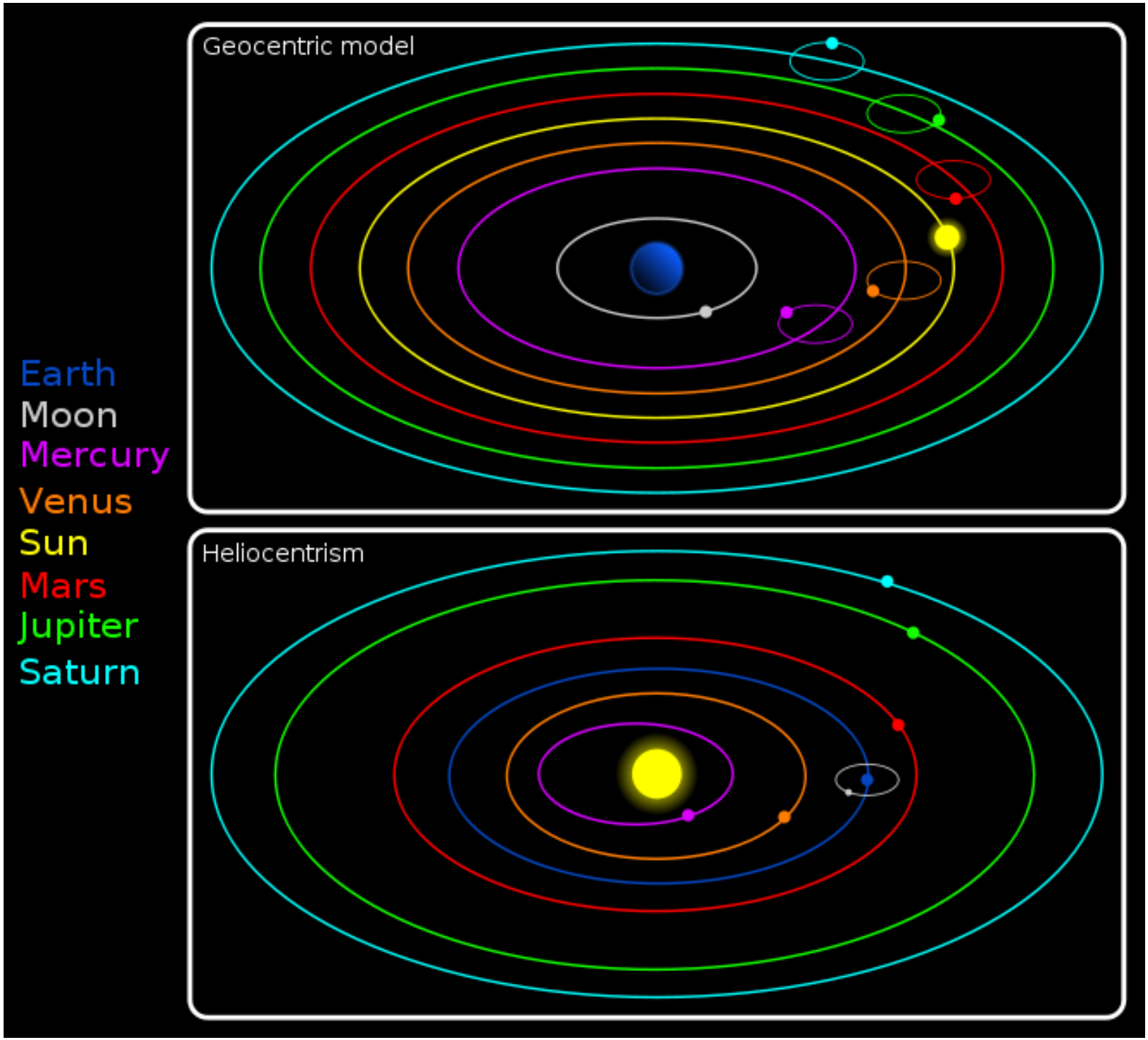
Library of Congress controlled vocabularies and their application to the Semantic Web

By Corey A. Harper and Barbara B. Tillett

SUMMARY:

This article discusses how various controlled vocabularies, classification schemes and thesauri can serve as some of the building blocks of the Semantic Web. These vocabularies have been developed over the course of decades, and can be put to great use in the development of robust web services and Semantic Web technologies. The article covers how initial collaboration between the Semantic Web, Library and Metadata communities are creating partnerships to complete work in this area. It then discusses some cores principles of authority control before talking more specifically about subject and genre vocabularies and name authority. It is hoped that future systems for internationally shared authority data will link the world's authority data from trusted sources to benefit users worldwide. Finally, the article looks at how encoding and markup of vocabularies can help ensure compatibility with the current and future state of Semantic Web development and provides examples of how this work can help improve the findability and navigation of information on the World Wide Web.

KEYWORDS: Controlled vocabularies, Semantic Web building blocks, authority control


Geocentric model
Earth
Moon
Mercury
Venus
Sun
Mars
Jupiter
Saturn
Heliocentrism

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CHARLES A. CUTTER

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GOVERNMENT PRINTING OFFICE
1904

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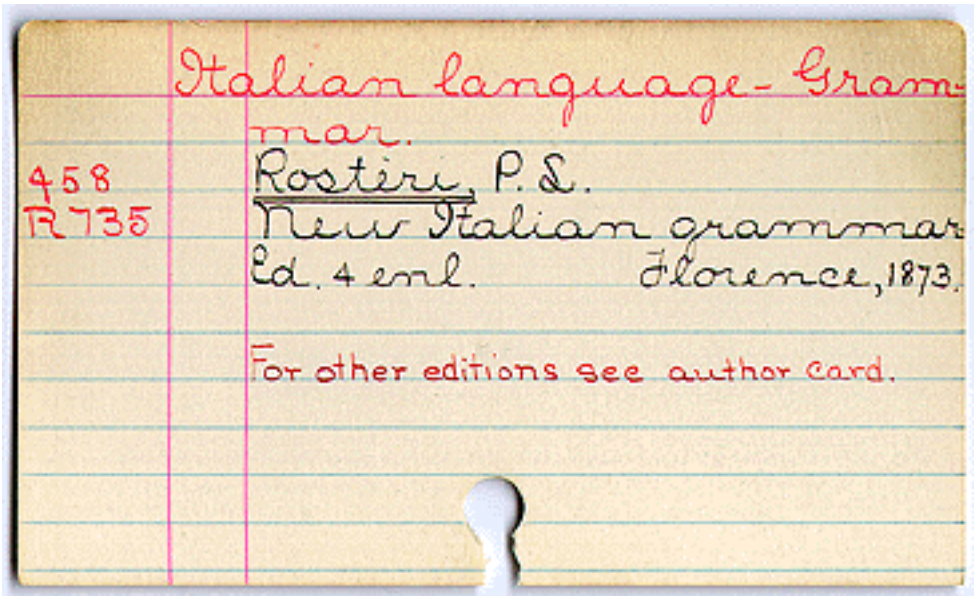

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Italian language - Grammar.

Rostiri, P. S.

New Italian grammar

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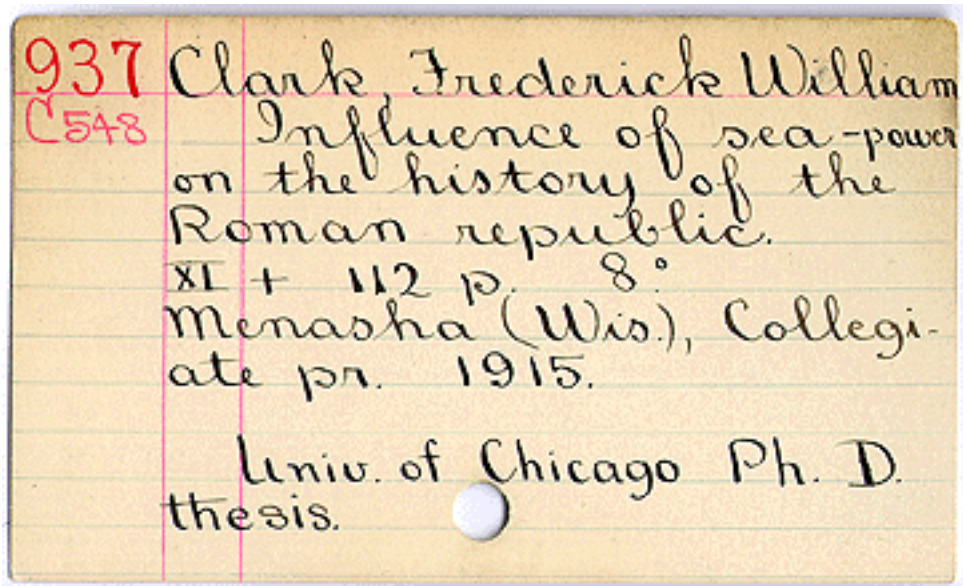

937
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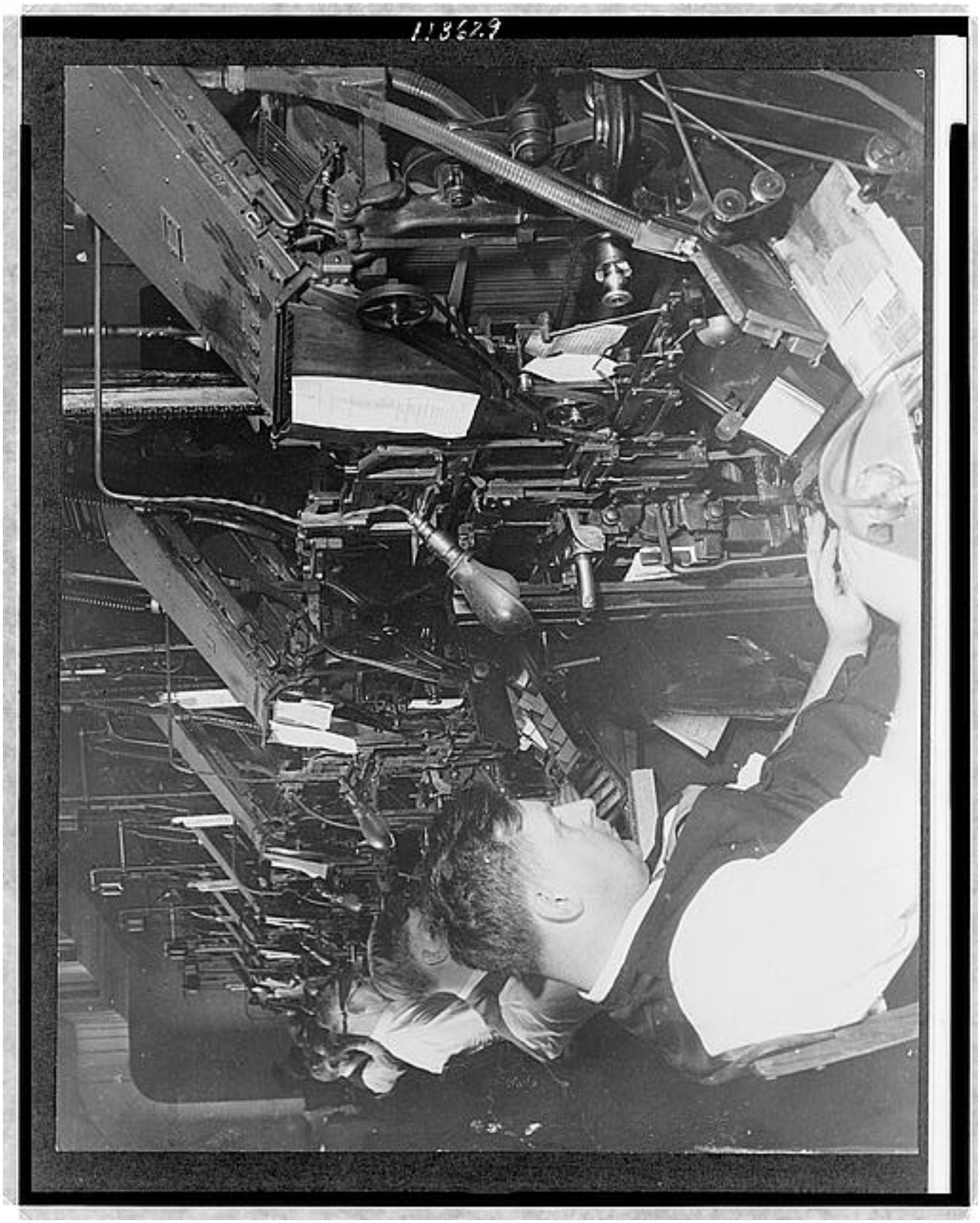
Clark, Frederick William

Influence of sea-power on the history of the Roman republic.

XI + 112 p. 8°

Menasha (Wis.), Collegiate pr. 1915.

Univ. of Chicago Ph. D. thesis.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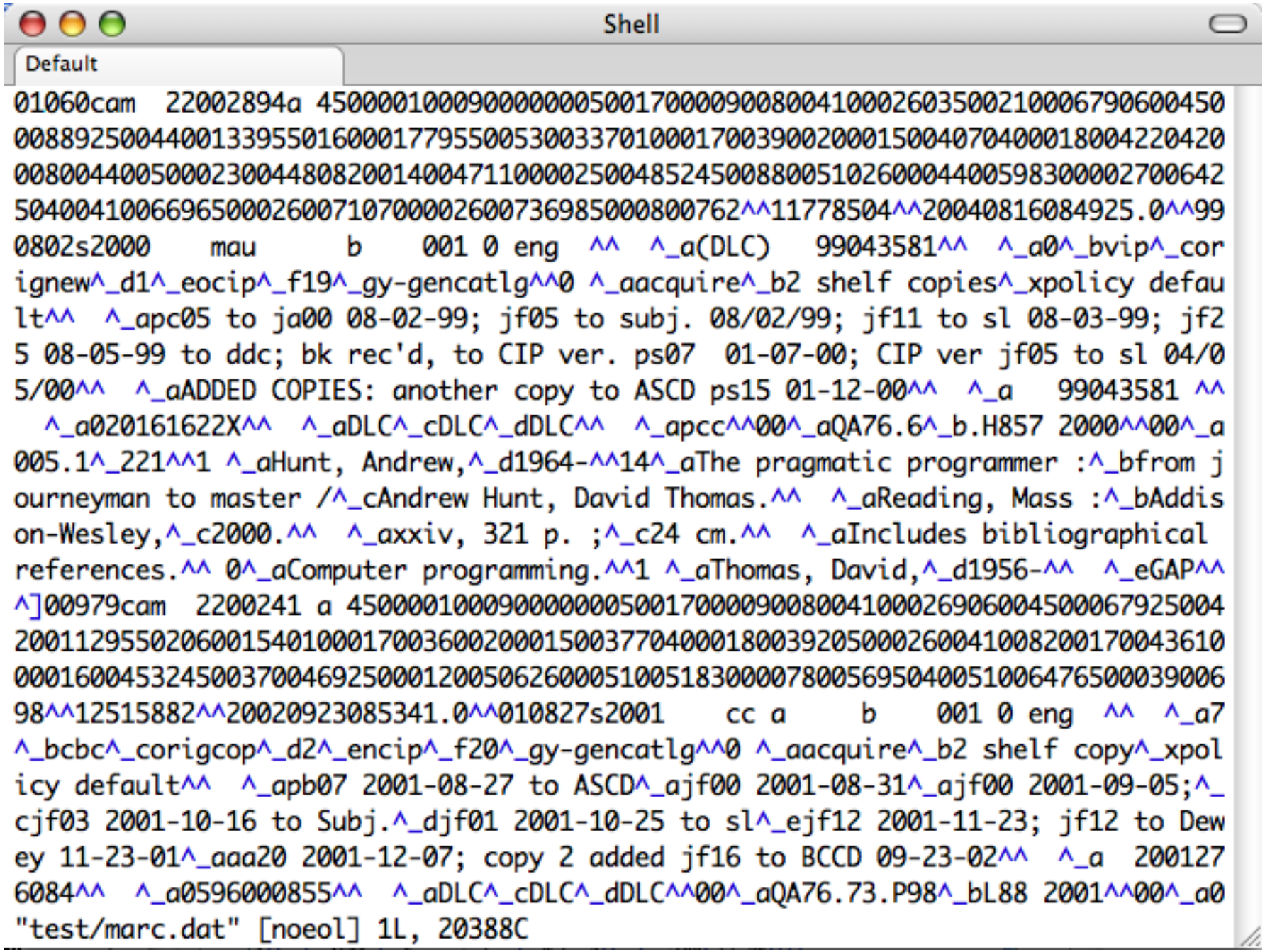
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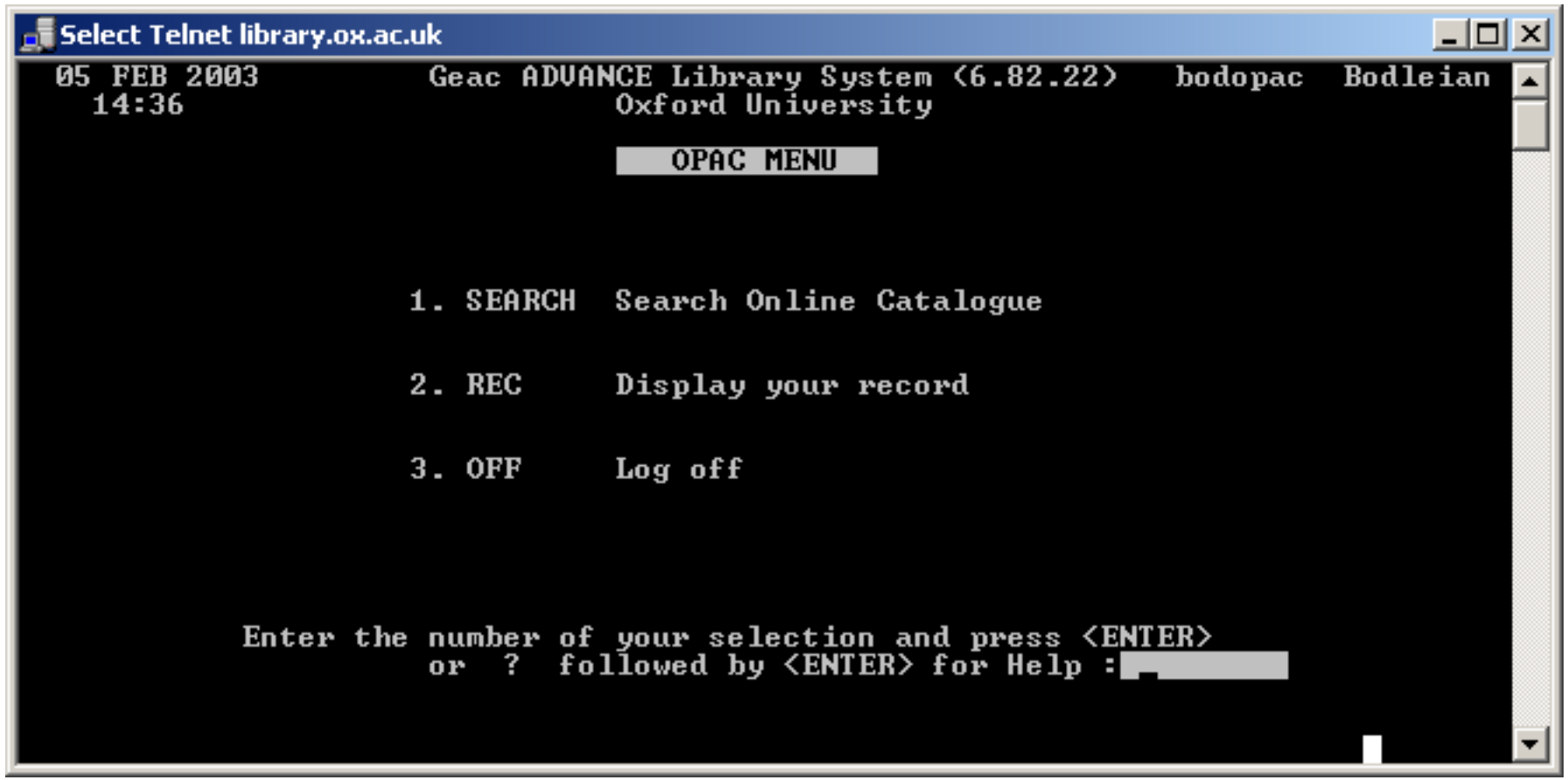
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Subjects:	World Wide Web--History. » More like this Berners-Lee, Tim. » More like this
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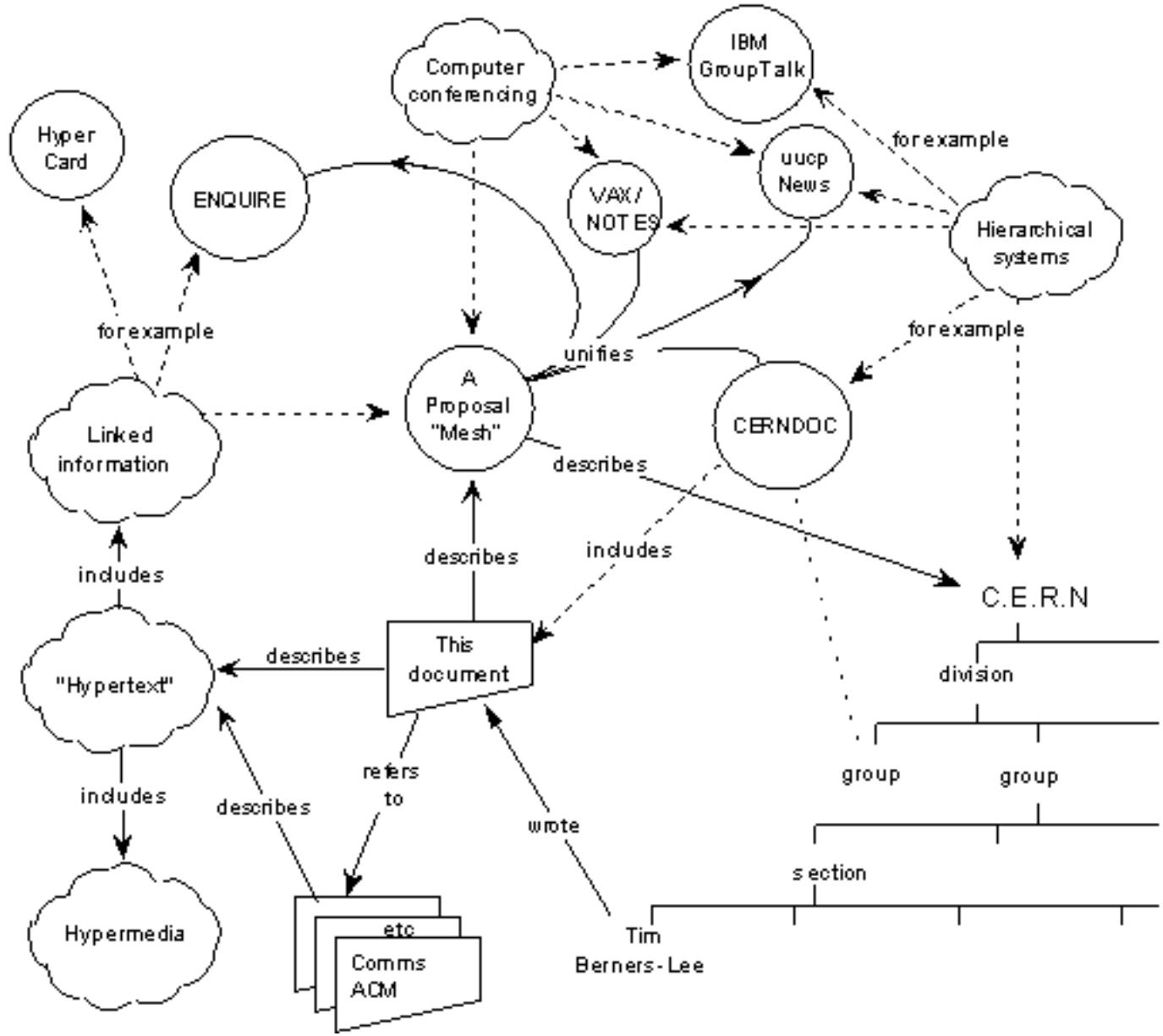
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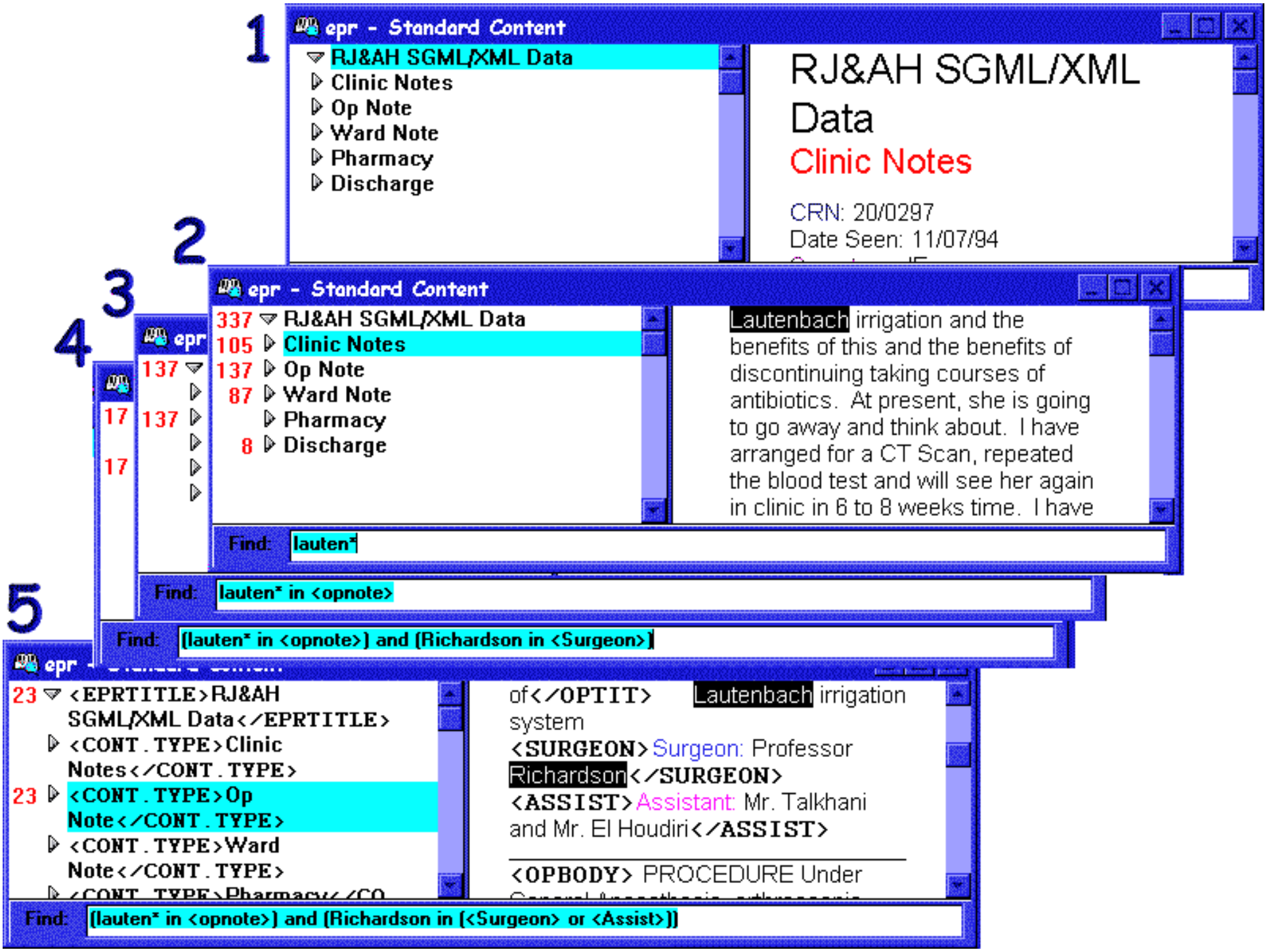
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epr - Standard Content
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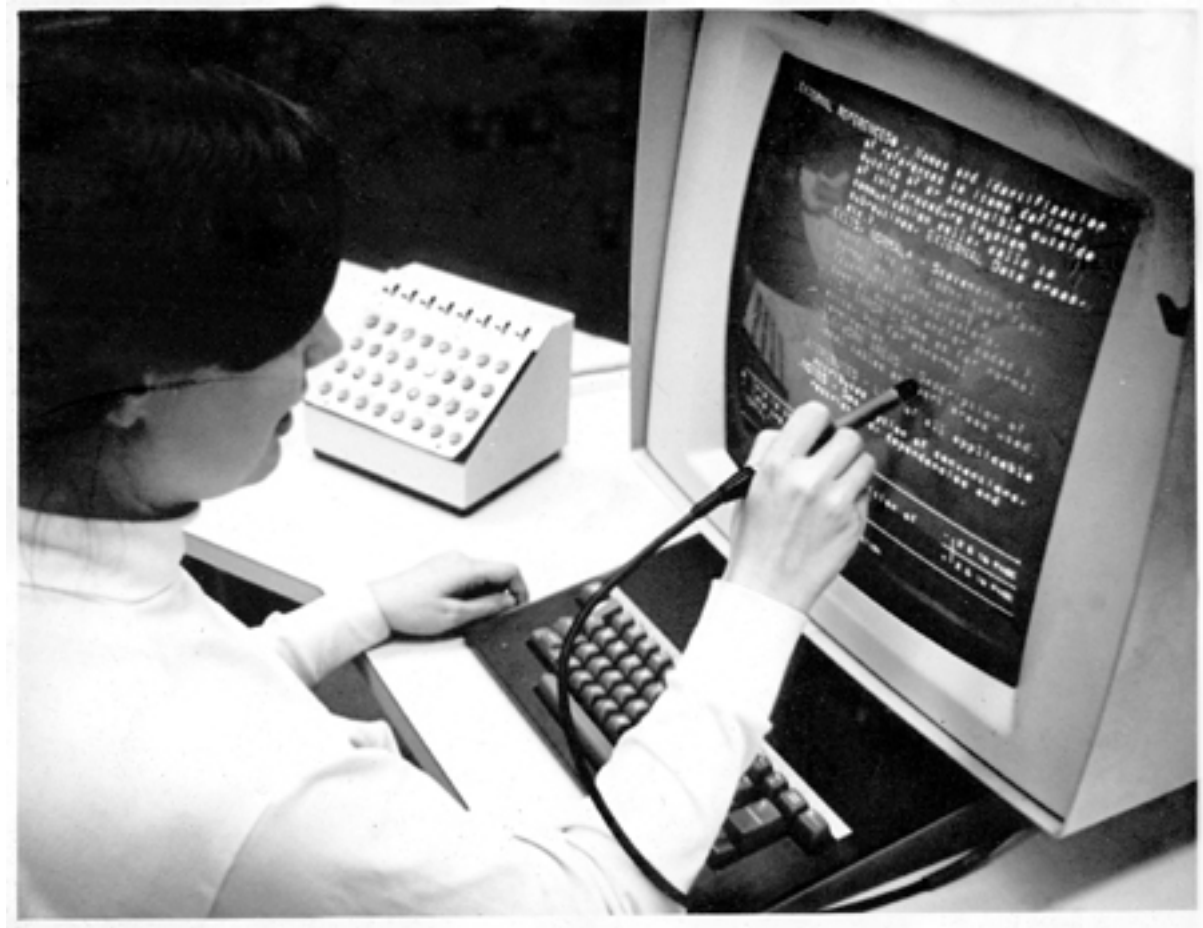


monday afternoon

december 9

3:45 p.m. / arena

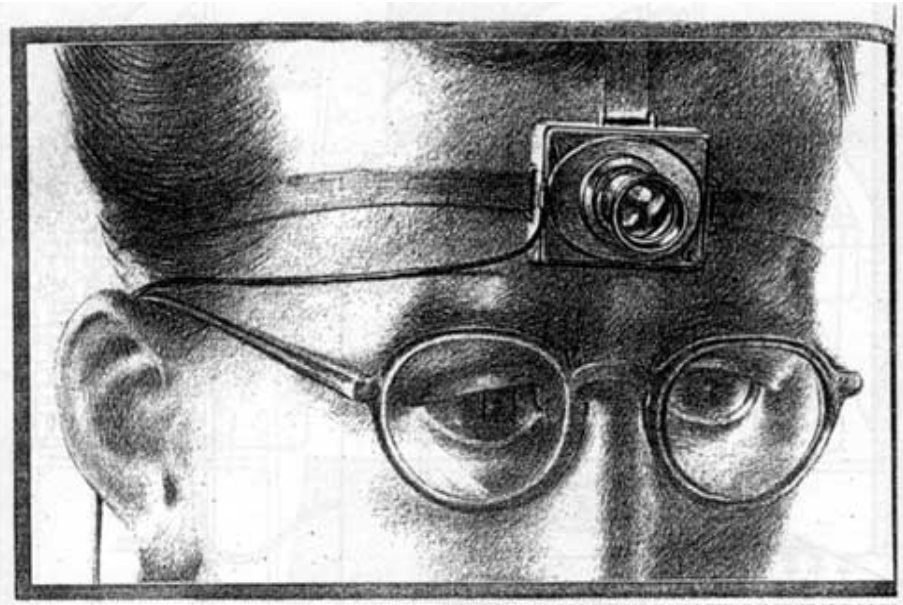
Chairman:
DR. D. C. ENGELBART
Stanford Research Institute
Menlo Park, California

a research center for augmenting human intellect

This session is entirely devoted to a presentation by Dr. Engelbart on a computer-based, interactive, multiconsole display system which is being developed at Stanford Research Institute under the sponsorship of ARPA, NASA and RADC. The system is being used as an experimental laboratory for investigating principles by which interactive computer aids can augment intellectual capability. The techniques which are being described will, themselves, be used to augment the presentation.

The session will use an on-line, closed circuit television hook-up to the SRI computing system in Menlo Park.

Following the presentation remote terminals to the system, in operation, may be viewed during the remainder of the conference in a special room set aside for that purpose.



A SCIENTIST OF THE FUTURE RECORDS EXPERIMENTS WITH A TINY CAMERA FITTED WITH UNIVERSAL-FOCUS LENS. THE SMALL SQUARE IN THE EYEGLASS AT THE LEFT SIGHTS THE OBJ

AS WE MAY THINK

A TOP U. S. SCIENTIST FORESEES A POSSIBLE FUTURE WORLI IN WHICH MAN-MADE MACHINES WILL START TO THINI

by VANNEVAR BUSH

DIRECTOR OF THE OFFICE OF SCIENTIFIC RESEARCH AND DEVELOPMENT

Condensed from the *Atlantic Monthly*, July 1945

This has not been a scientists' war; it has been a war in which all have had a part. The scientists, burying their old professional competition in the demand of a common cause, have shared greatly and learned much. It has been exhilarating to work in effective partnership. What are the scientists to do next?

For the biologists, and particularly for the medical scientists, there can be little indecision, for their war work has hardly required them to leave the old paths. Many indeed have been able to carry on their war research in their familiar peacetime laboratories. Their objectives remain much the same.

It is the physicists who have been thrown most violently off stride, who have left academic pursuits for the making of strange destructive gadgets, who have had to devise new methods for their unanticipated assignments. They have done their part on the devices that made it possible to turn back the enemy. They have worked in combined effort with the physicists of our allies. They have felt within themselves the stir of achievement. They have been part of a great team. Now one asks where they will find objectives worthy of their best.

* * *

There is a growing mountain of research. But there is increased evidence that we are being bogged down today as specialization extends. The investigator is staggered by the findings and conclusions of thousands of other workers—conclusions which he cannot find time to grasp, much less to remember, as they appear. Yet specialization becomes increasingly necessary for progress, and the effort to bridge between disciplines is correspondingly sup ficial.

Professionally our methods of transmitting and reviewing the results research are generations old and by now are totally inadequate for their p pose. If the aggregate time spent in writing scholarly works and in readi them could be evaluated, the ratio between these amounts of time mig well be startling. Those who conscientiously attempt to keep abreast of c rent thought, even in restricted fields, by close and continuous reading mig well shy away from an examination calculated to show how much of the p vious month's efforts could be produced on call.

Mendel's concept of the laws of genetics was lost to the world for a g eration because his publication did not reach the few who were capa of grasping and extending it. This sort of catastrophe is undoubtedly be repeated all about us as truly significant attainments become lost in the m of the inconsequential.

Publication has been extended far beyond our present ability to make t use of the record. The summation of human experience is being expanded a prodigious rate, and the means we use for threading through the cor quent maze to the momentarily important item is the same as was used the days of square-rigged ships.

But there are signs of a change as new and powerful instrumentali come into use. Photocells capable of seeing things in a physical sense, vanced photography which can record what is seen or even what is t thermionic tubes capable of controlling potent forces under the guidanc

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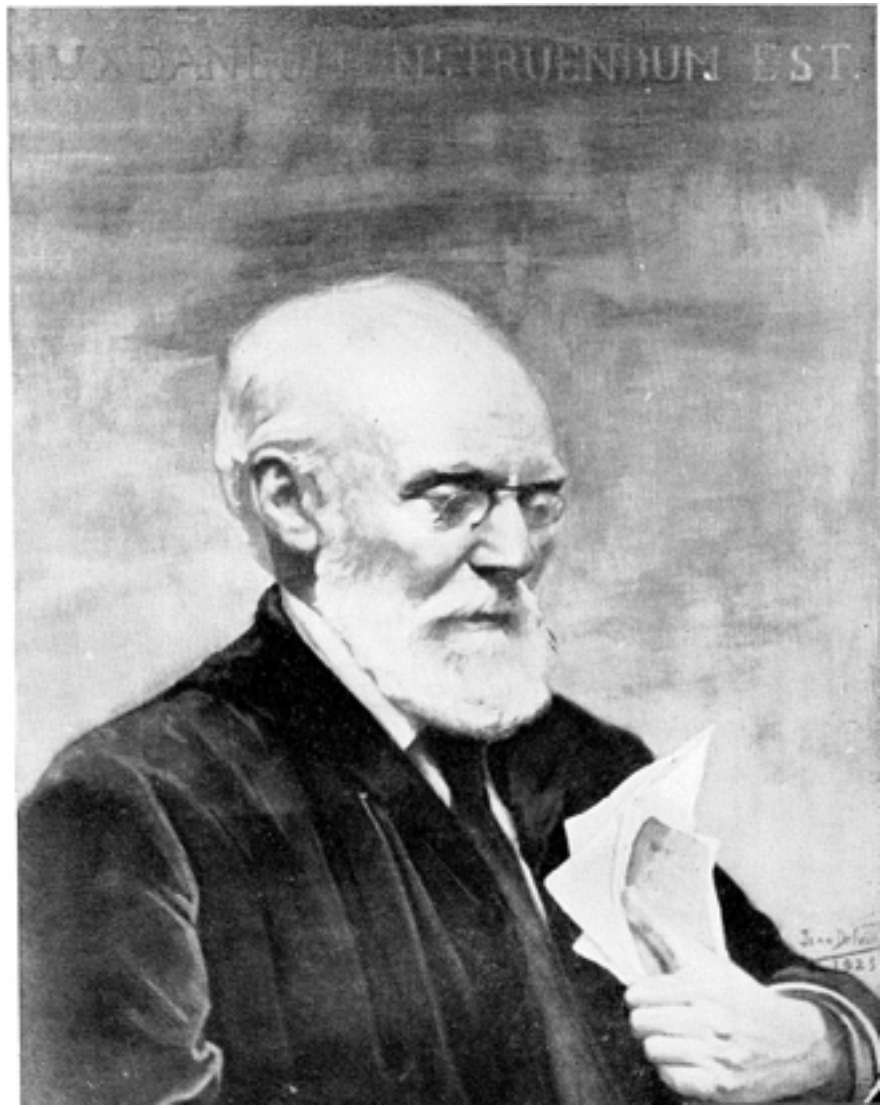
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Library of Congress controlled vocabularies and their application to the Semantic Web

By Corey A. Harper and Barbara B. Tillett

SUMMARY:

This article discusses how various controlled vocabularies, classification schemes and thesauri can serve as some of the building blocks of the Semantic Web. These vocabularies have been developed over the course of decades, and can be put to great use in the development of robust web services and Semantic Web technologies. The article covers how initial collaboration between the Semantic Web, Library and Metadata communities are creating partnerships to complete work in this area. It then discusses some cores principles of authority control before talking more specifically about subject and genre vocabularies and name authority. It is hoped that future systems for internationally shared authority data will link the world's authority data from trusted sources to benefit users worldwide. Finally, the article looks at how encoding and markup of vocabularies can help ensure compatibility with the current and future state of Semantic Web development and provides examples of how this work can help improve the findability and navigation of information on the World Wide Web.

KEYWORDS: Controlled vocabularies, Semantic Web building blocks, authority control

World Wide Web

UF: WWW (World Wide Web)
BT: Hypertext Systems
NT: Semantic Web

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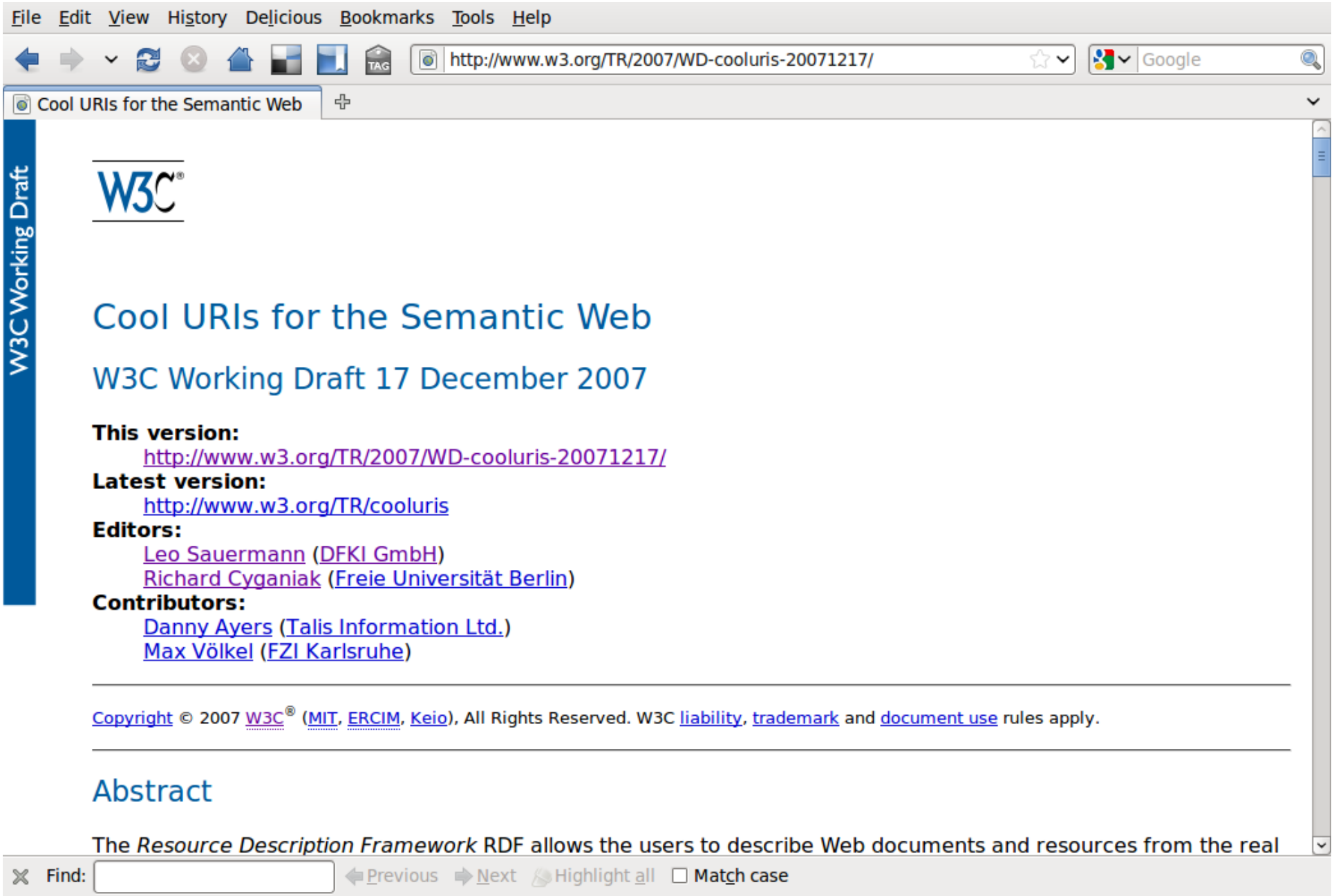
Abstract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Abstract
The Resource Description Framework RDF allows the users to describe Web documents and resources from the real
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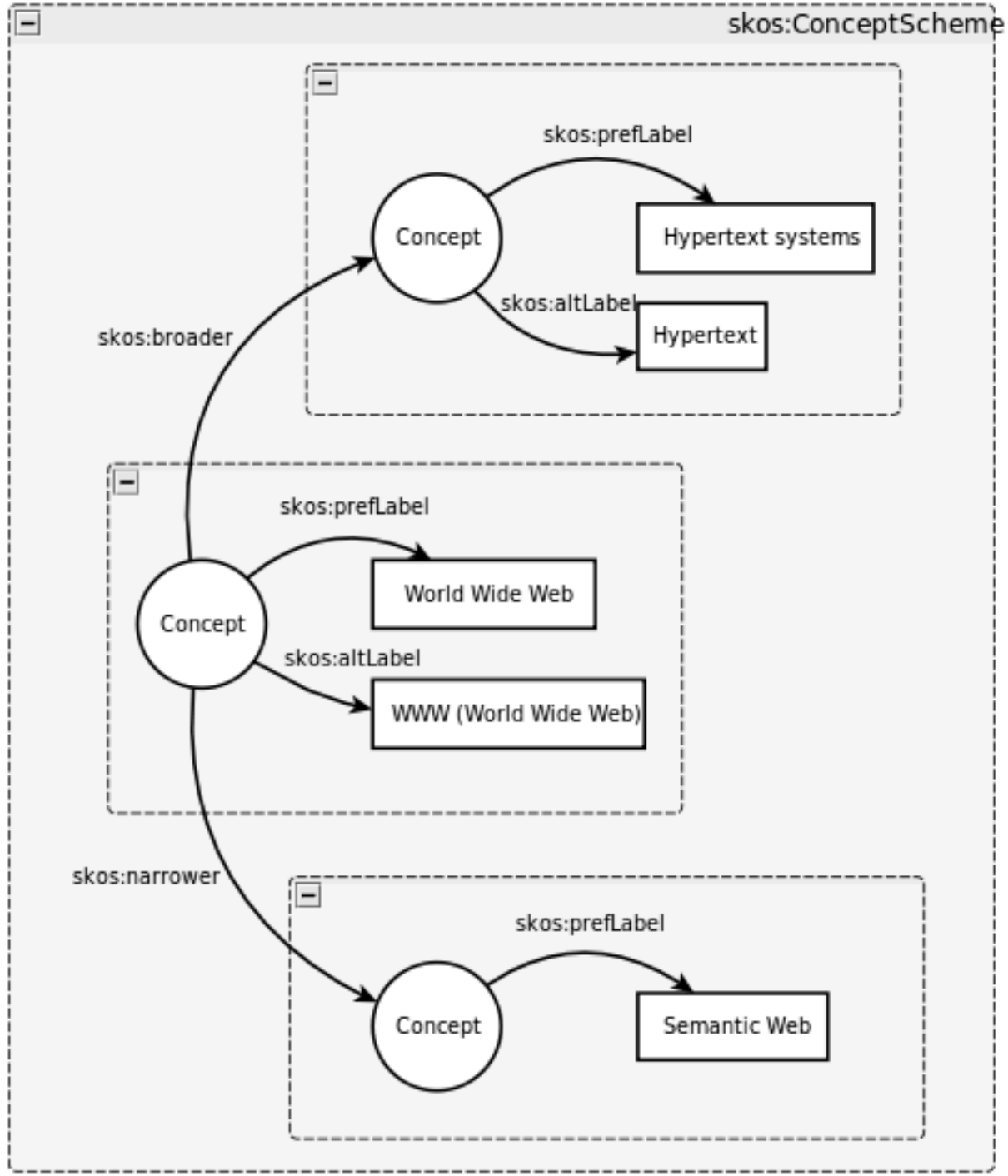
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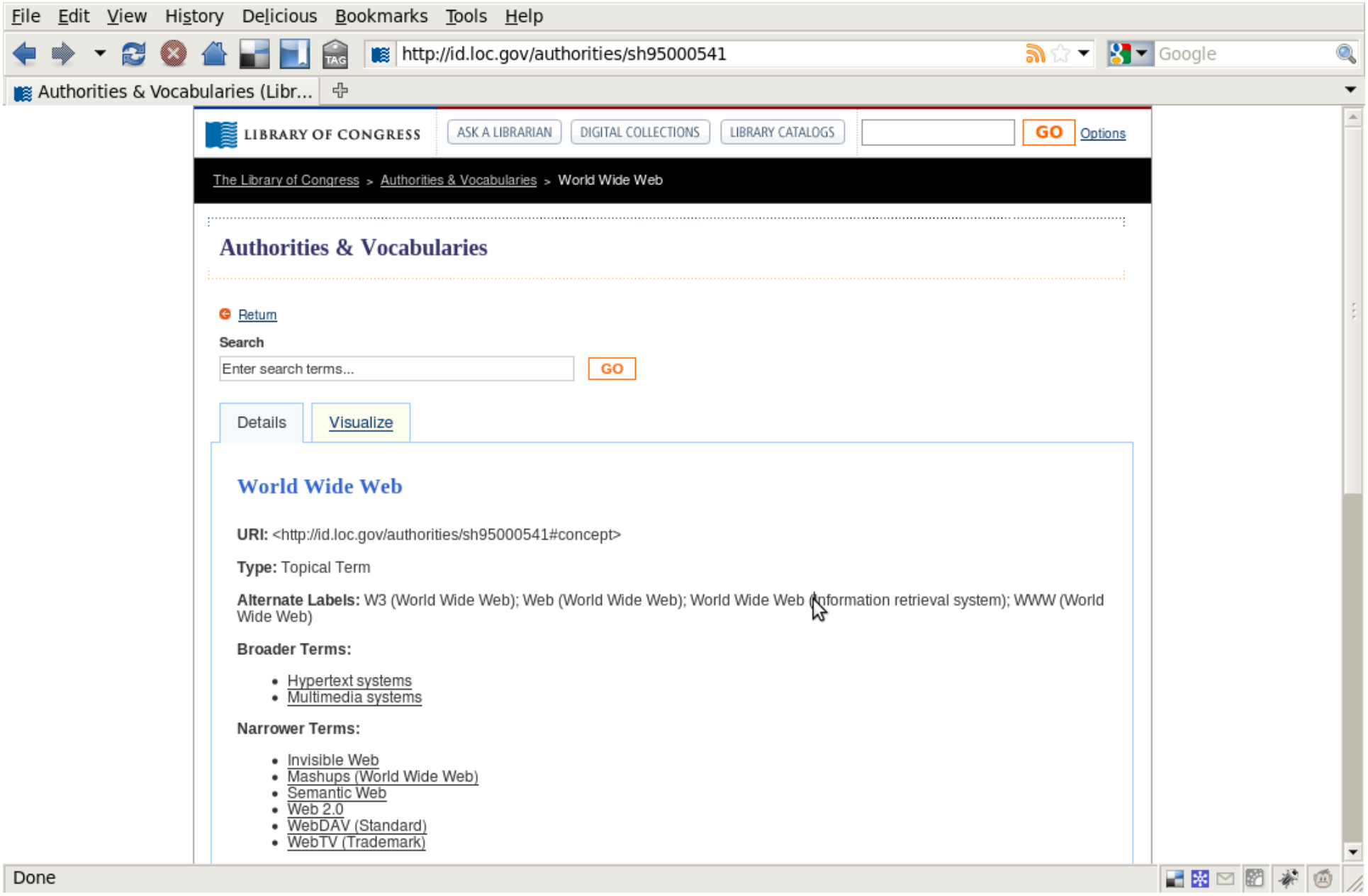
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Broader Terms:
Hypertext systems
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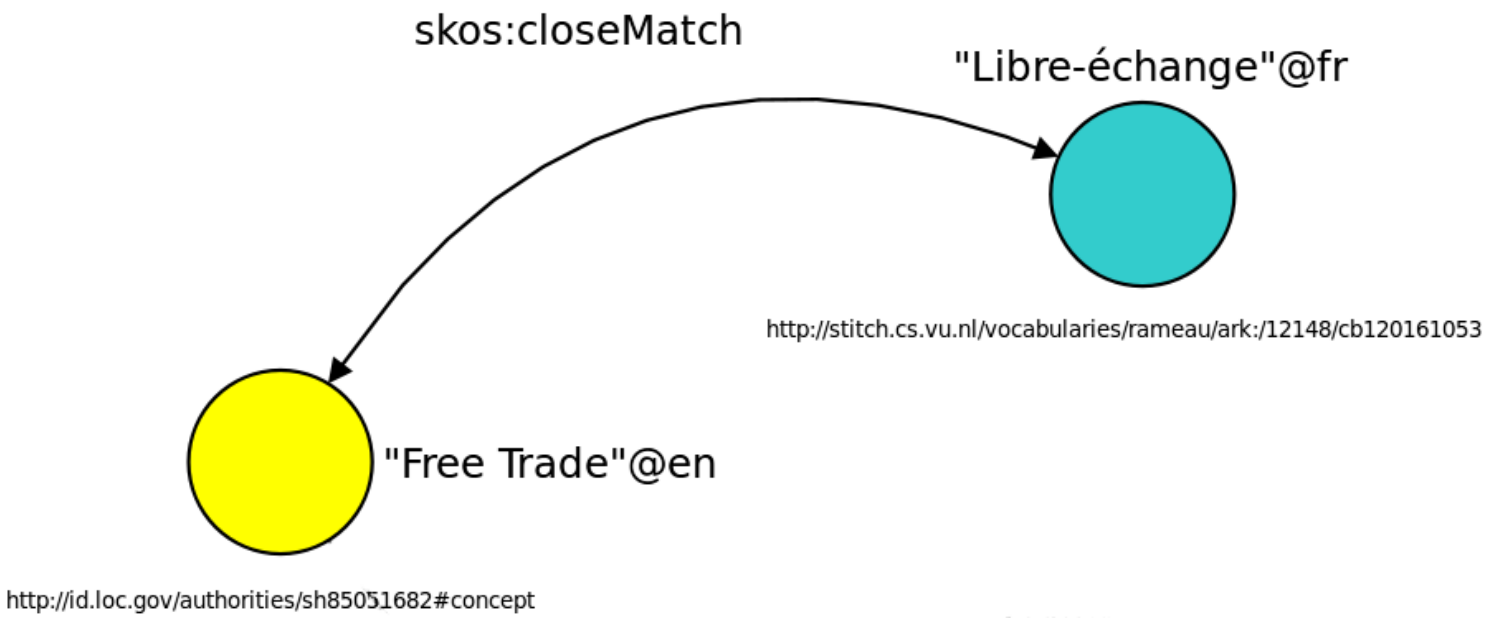
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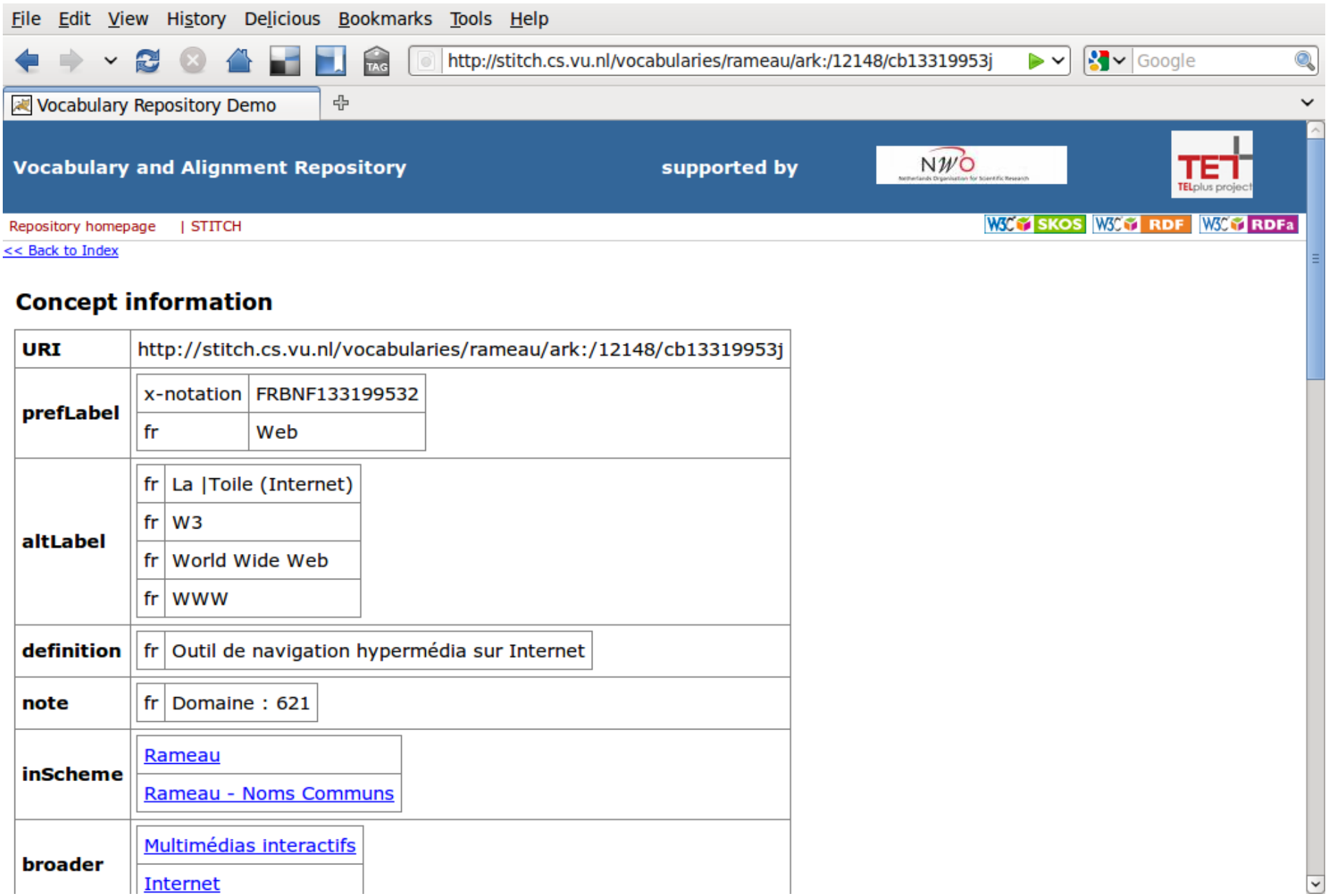

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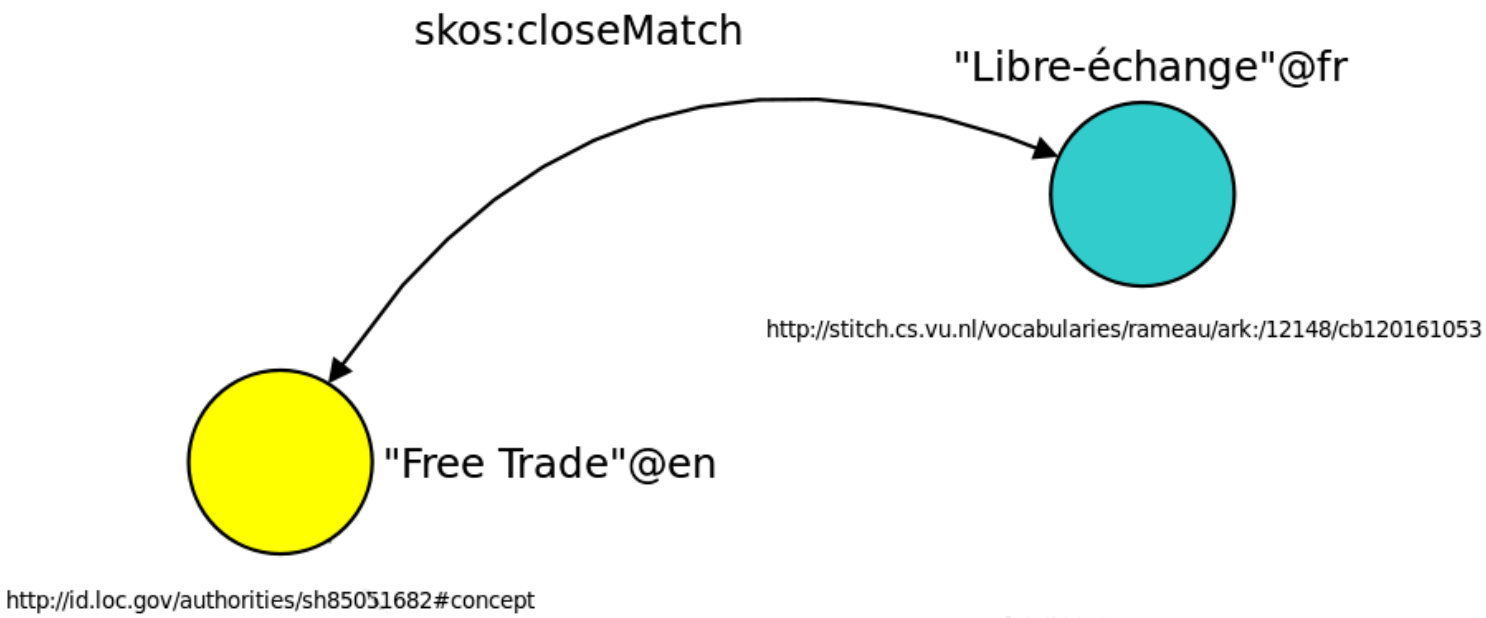
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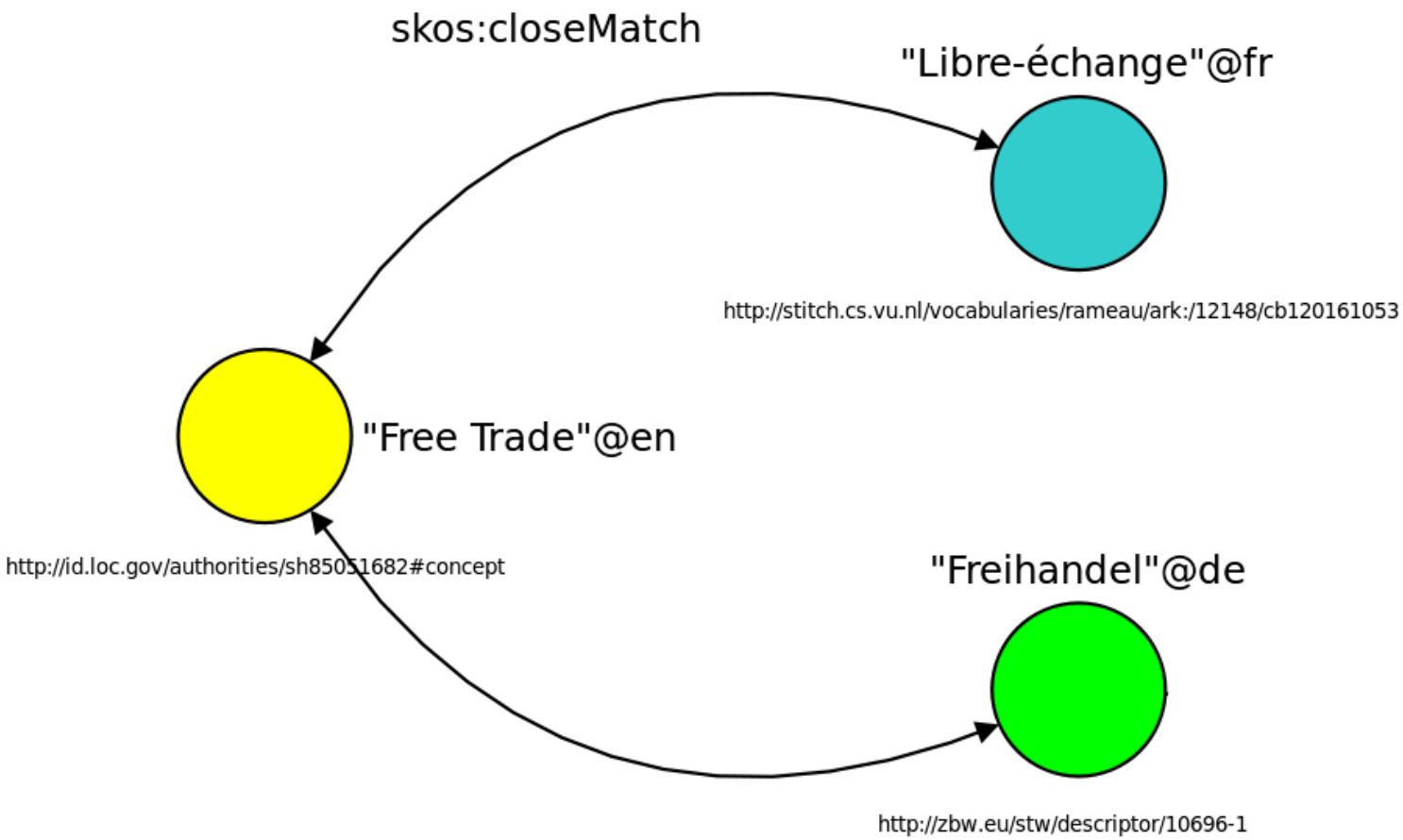
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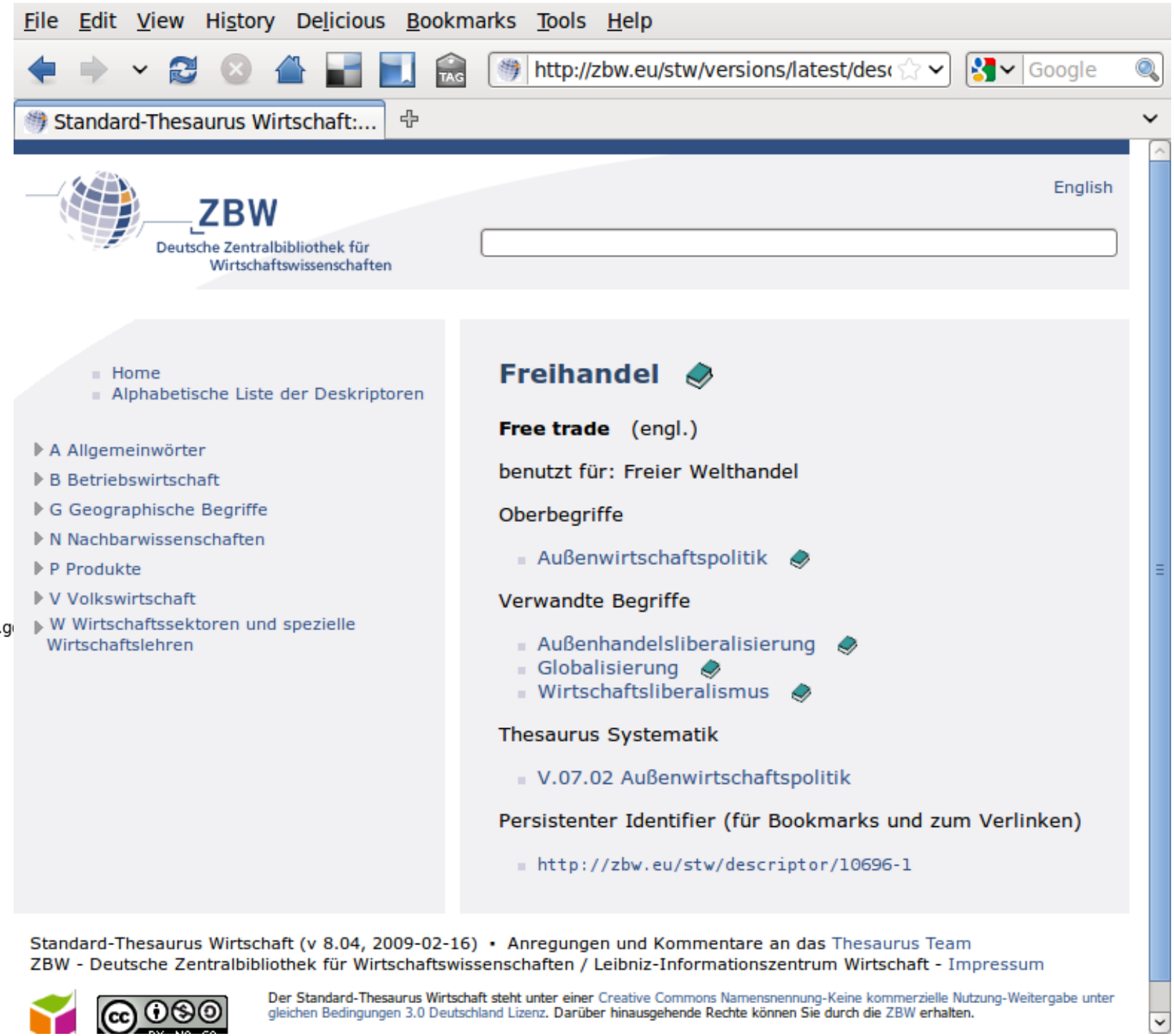
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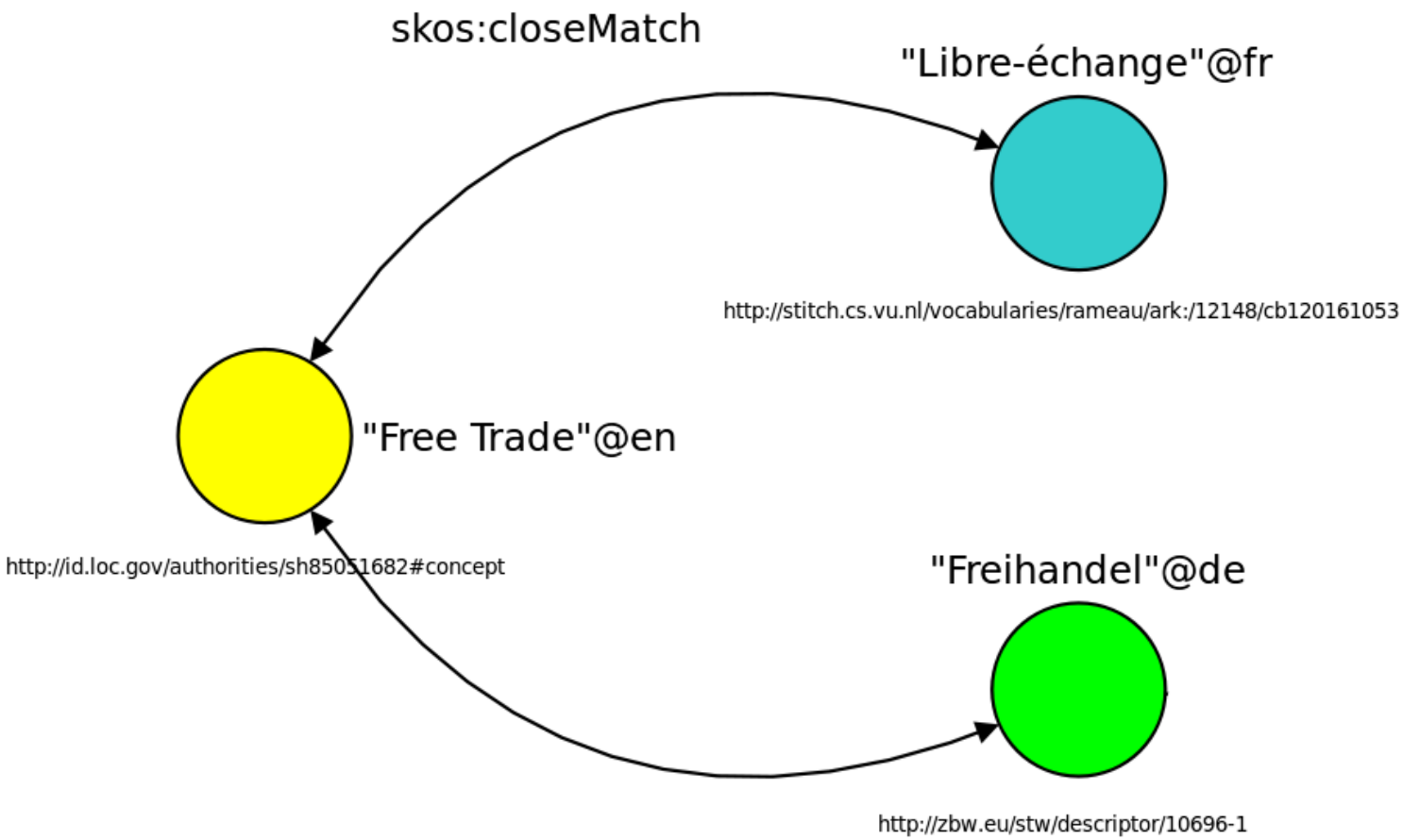
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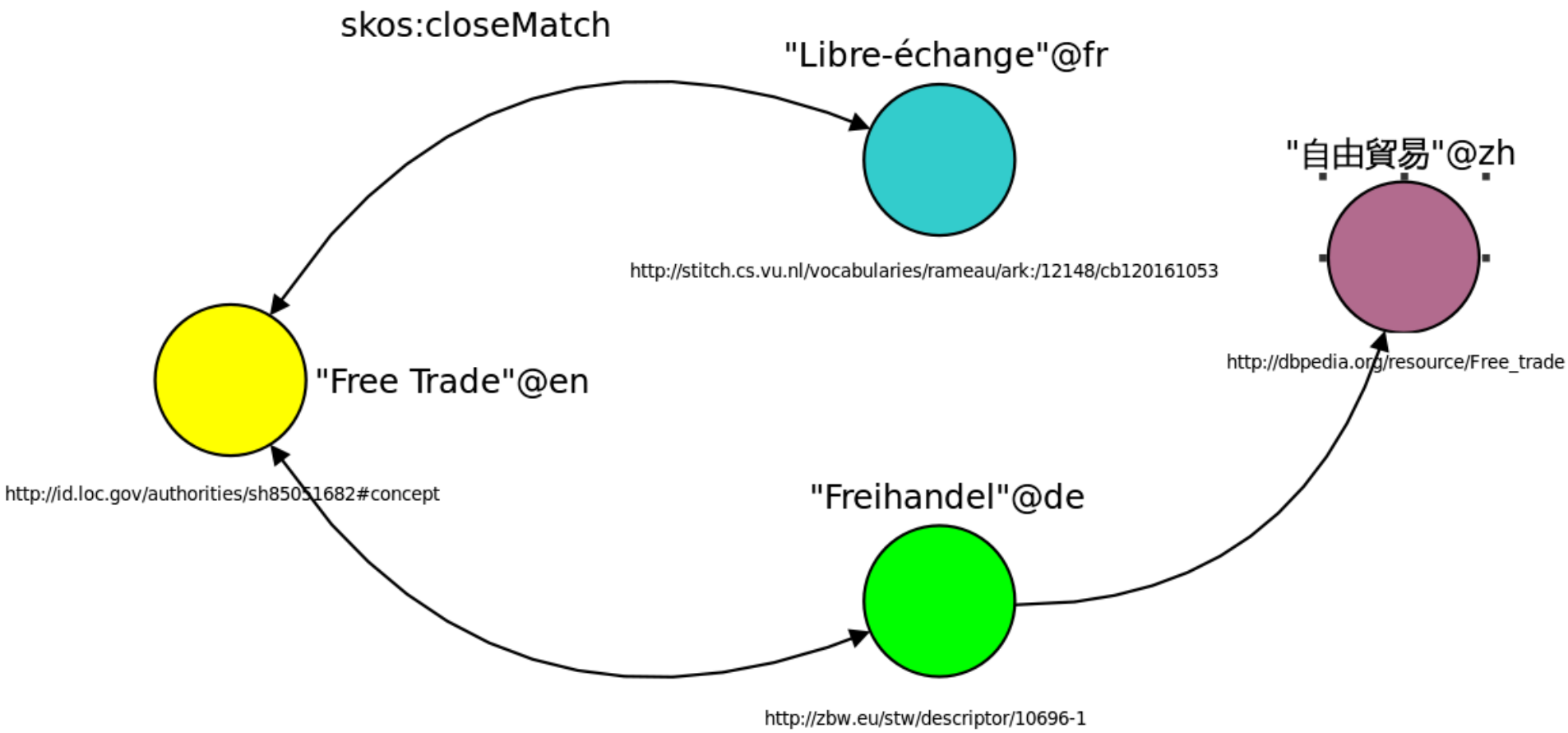
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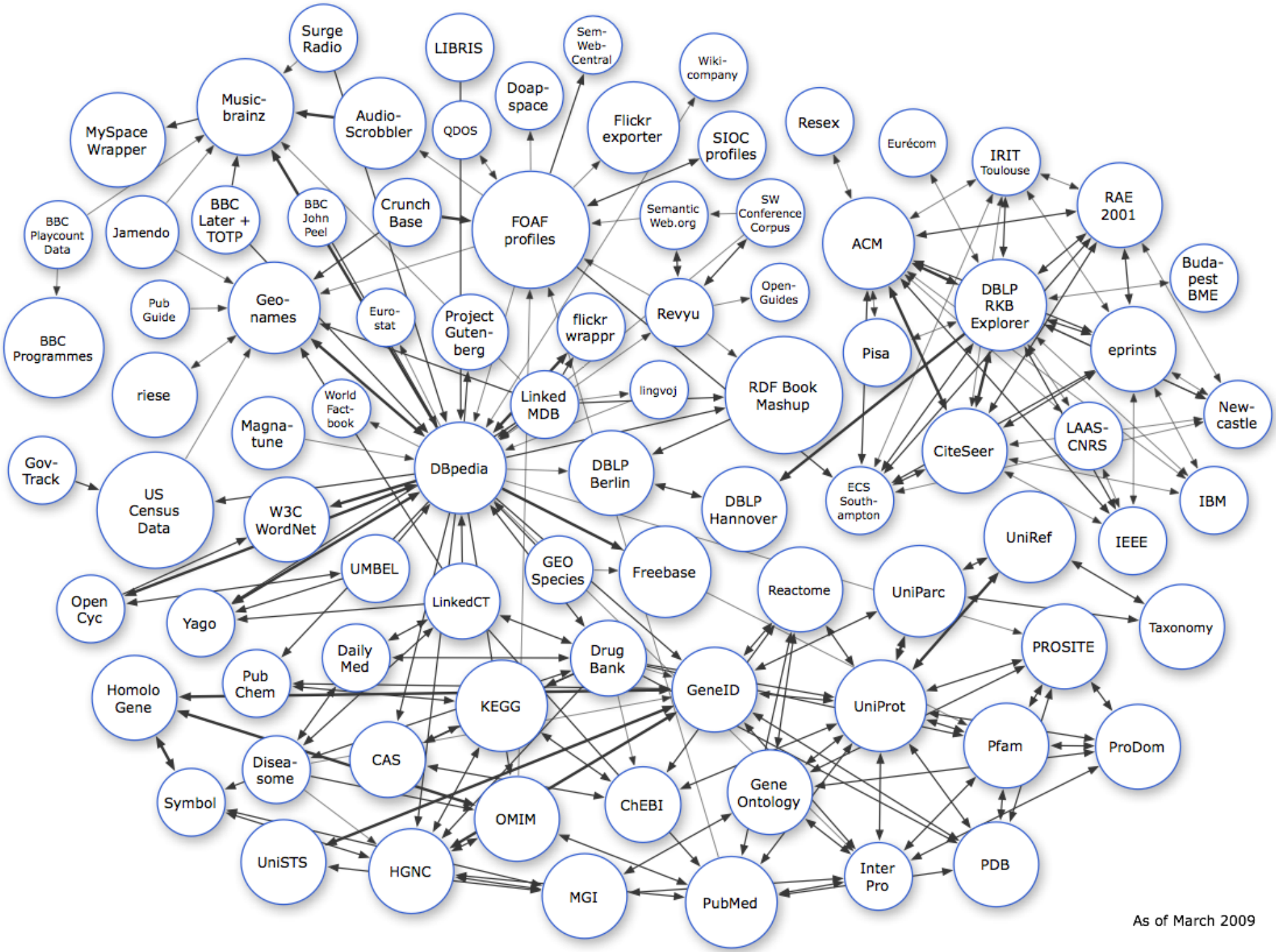

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Title:
New-York tribune. : (New York [N.Y.]) 1866-1924
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Alternative Titles:
Combined New York morning newspapers Sept. 19-26, 1923
Combined New York Sunday newspapers
New York daily tribune
New York tribune
New-York daily tribune 1866-Mar. 31, 1912

Place of publication:
New York [N.Y.]

Geographic coverage:
New York, New York, New York
View more titles from this: City County, State

Publisher:
New York Tribune

Dates of publication:
1866-1924

Description:
Vol. 26, no. 7,802 (Apr. 10, 1866)-v. 83, no. 28,247 (Mar. 18, 1924).

Frequency:
Daily Dec. 7, 1879-1924

Language:
English

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Multiple editions = dates in ***bold italics***.

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February, 1880

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New-York tribune. (New York [N.Y.]) 1866-1924, December 26, 1909, Image 1

New-York tribune. (New York [N.Y.]) 1866-1924, December 26, 1909, Image 2

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New-York tribune. (New York [N.Y.]) 1866-1924, December 26, 1909, Image 13

December 26, 1909, Image 13

IMAGE: 13 of 56. Image provided by: Library of Congress, Washington, DC.

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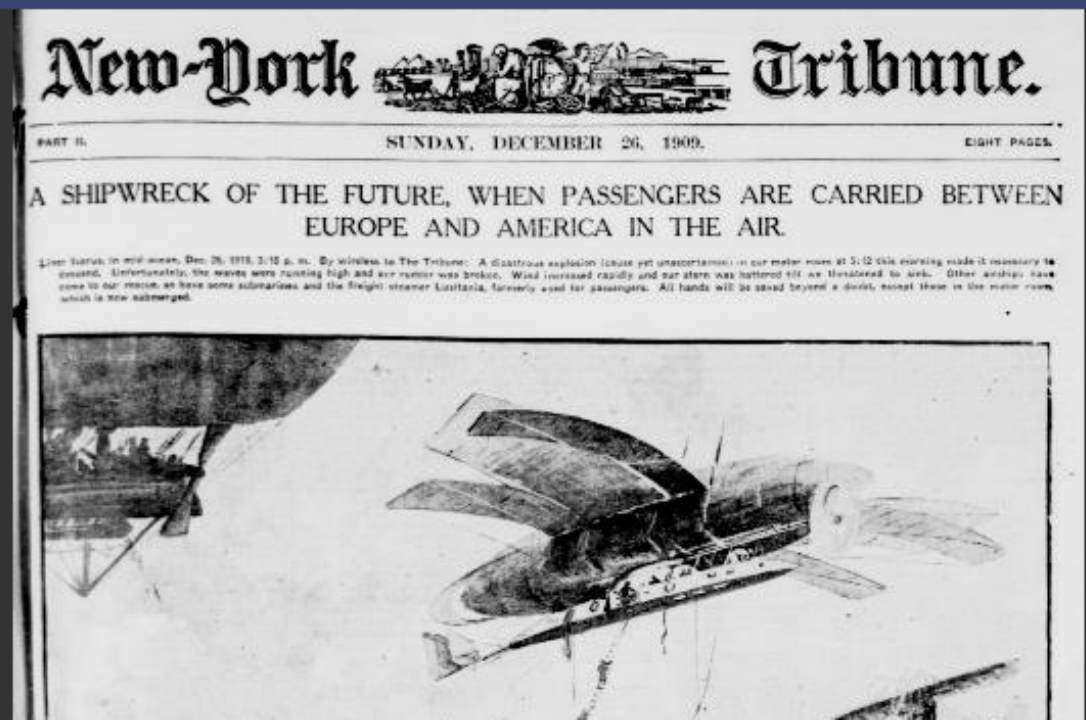

New-York Tribune.

PART II. SUNDAY, DECEMBER 26, 1909. EIGHT PAGES.

A SHIPWRECK OF THE FUTURE, WHEN PASSENGERS ARE CARRIED BETWEEN EUROPE AND AMERICA IN THE AIR.

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LCCNs In Batch:	sn83030193

Issues in Batch

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The evening world. (New York, N.Y.) 1887-1931	1902-05-02	12
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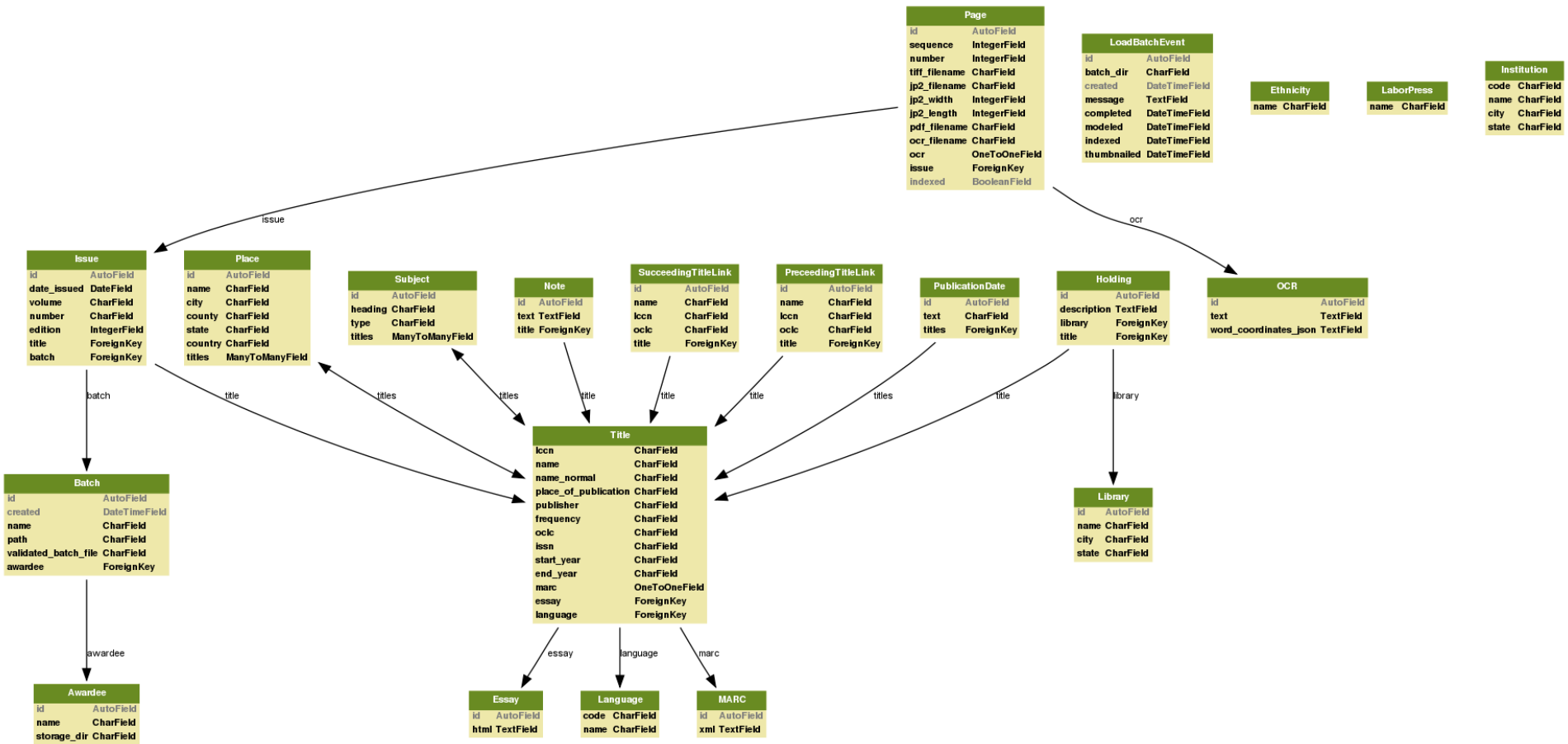
The evening world. (New York, N.Y.) 1887-1931	1902-05-05	10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ORE User Guide - Primer

Open Archives Initiative Object Reuse and Exchange

ORE User Guide - Primer

17 October 2008

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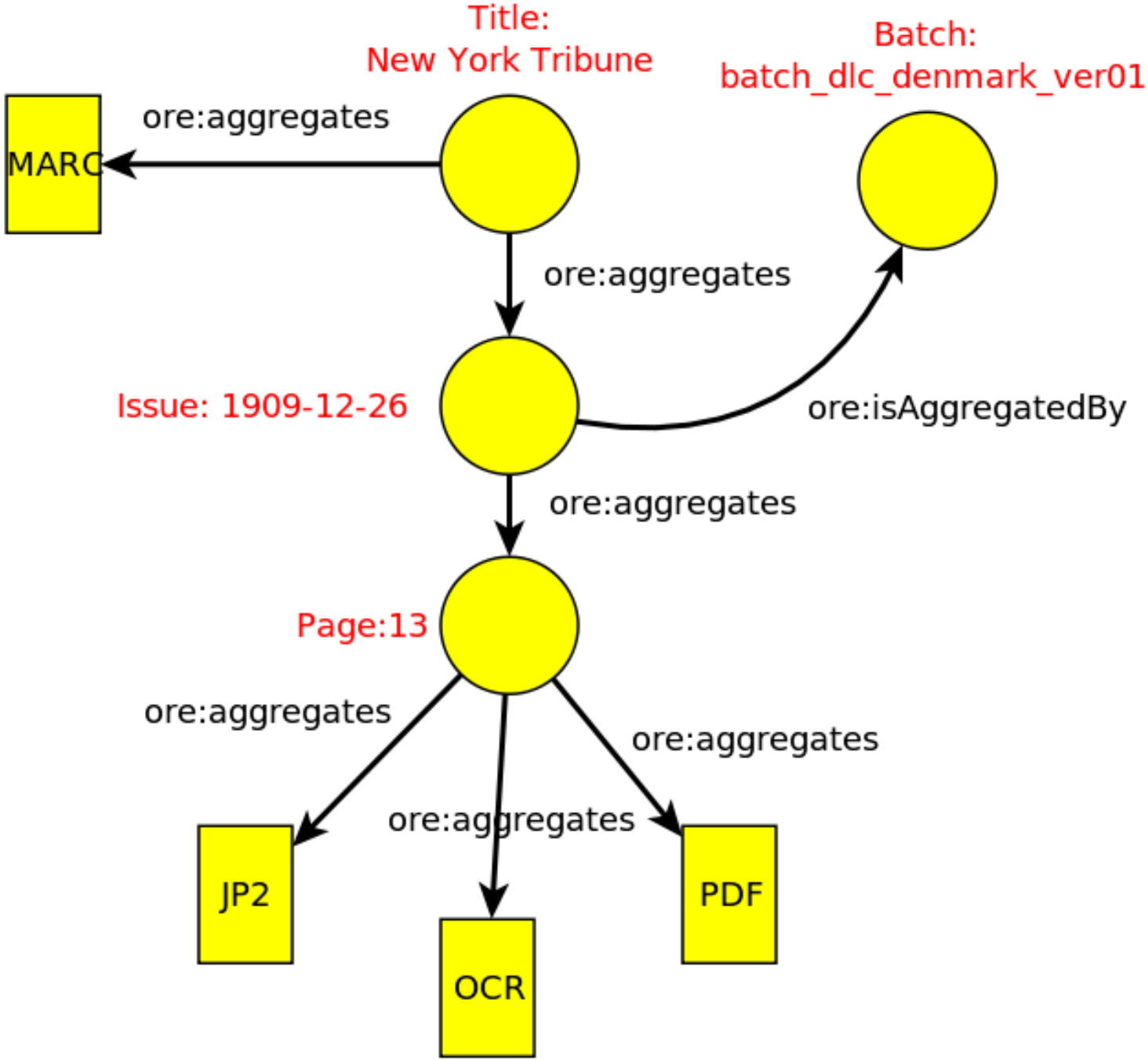
Abstract

Open Archives Initiative Object Reuse and Exchange (OAI-ORE) defines standards for the description and exchange of aggregations of Web resources. This document summarizes the motivation for OAI-ORE, the technical foundations on which the OAI-ORE solution to handle aggregations of Web resources builds, as well as the core aspects of that solution.This document is intended for a general audience that wants to obtain a high-level understanding of the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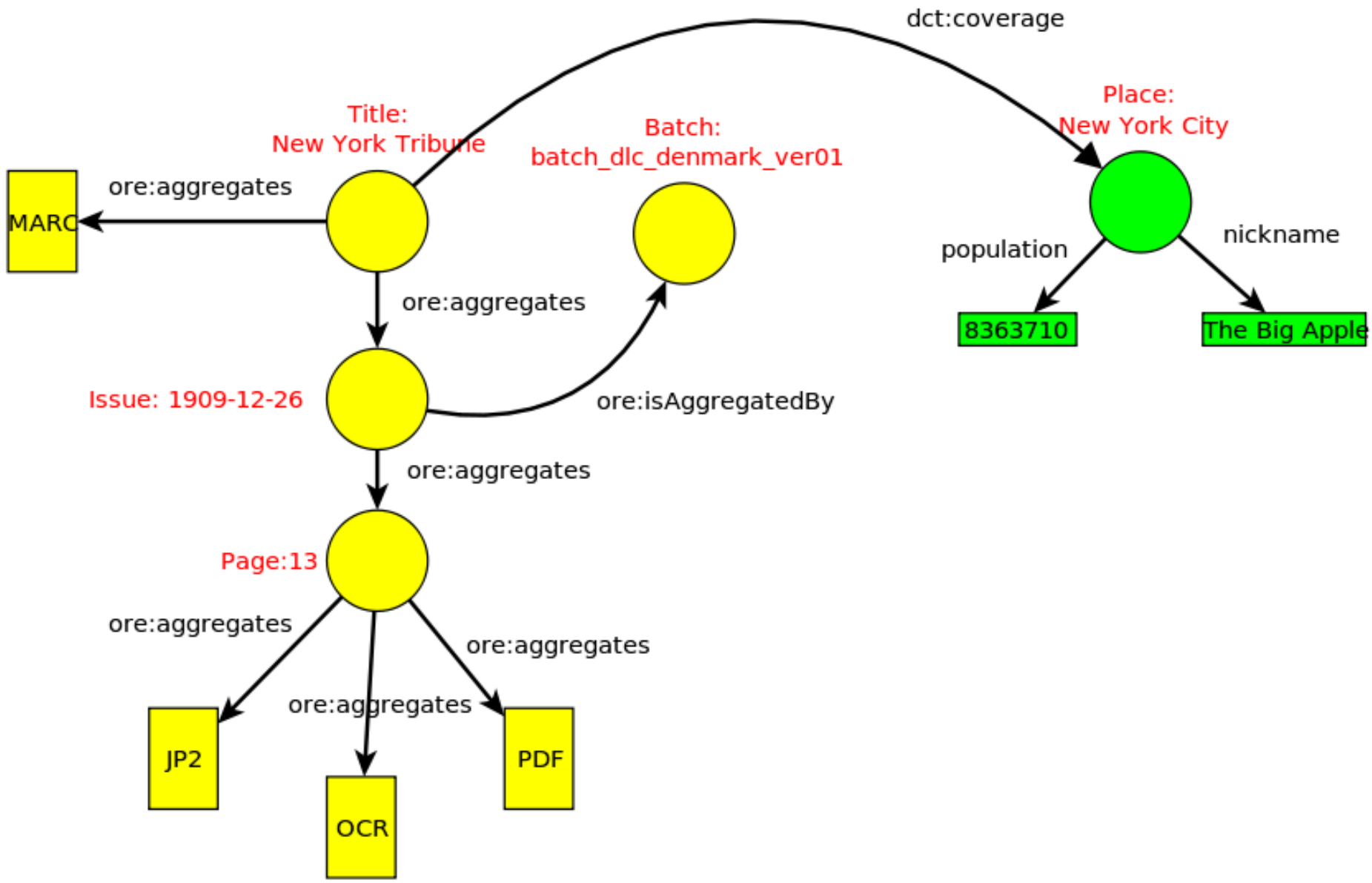
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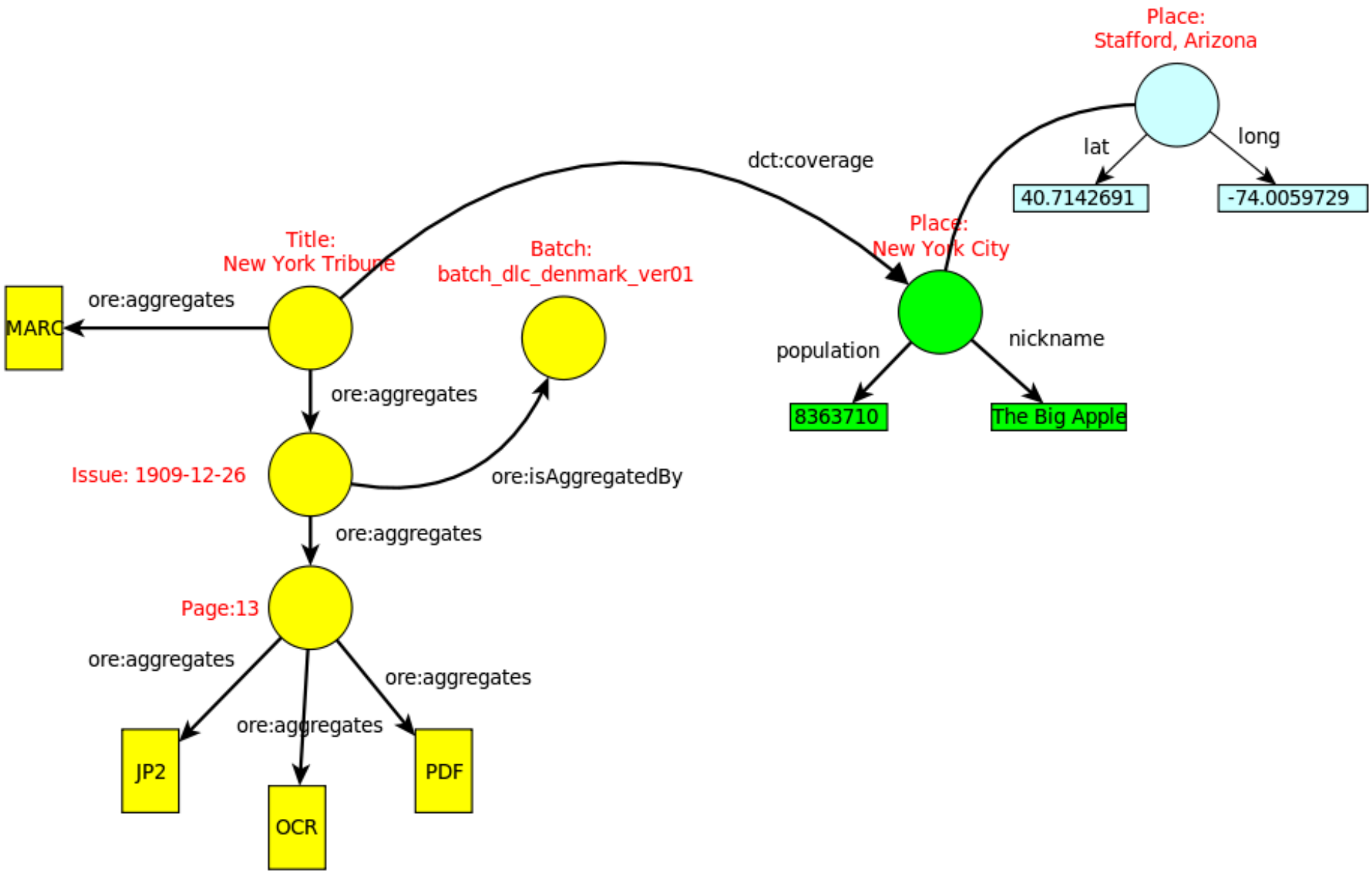
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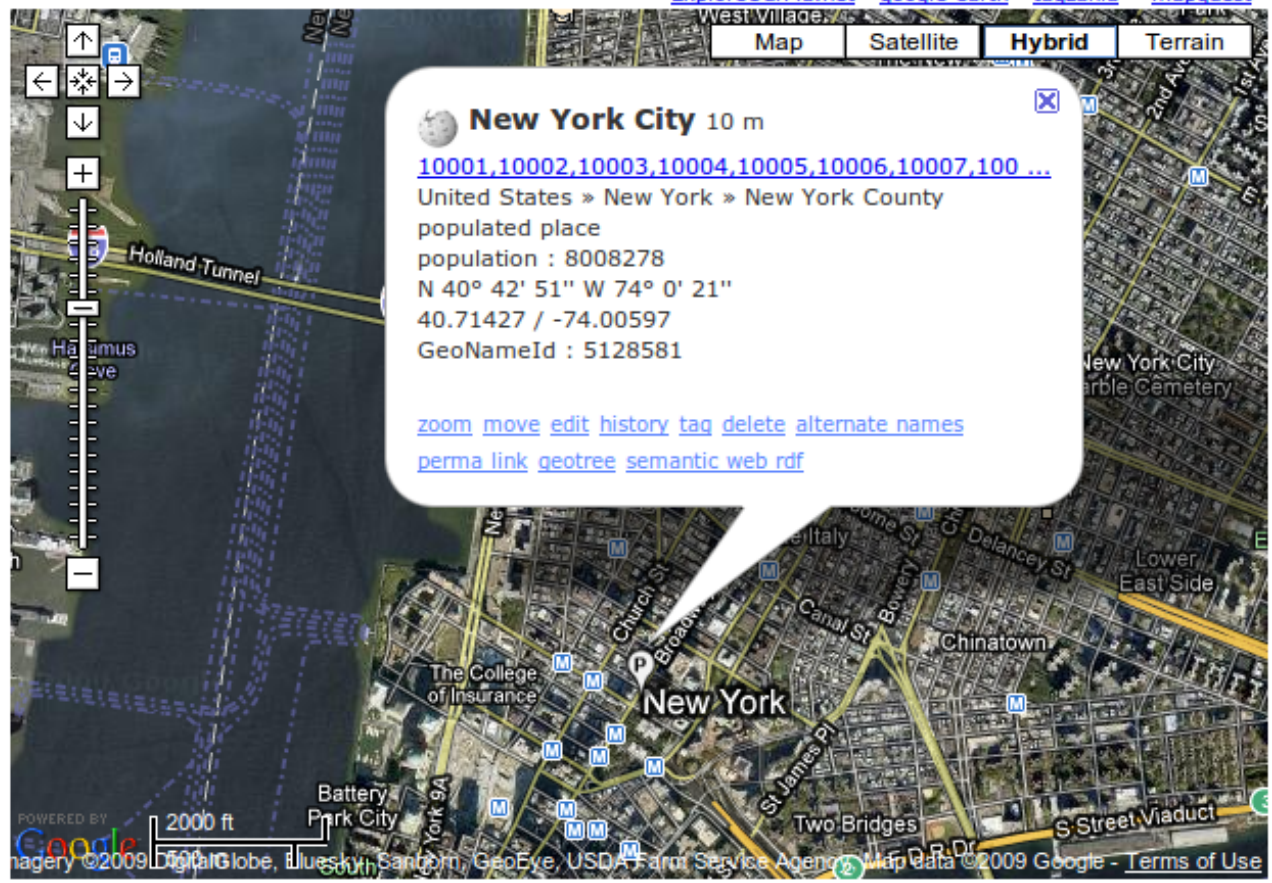

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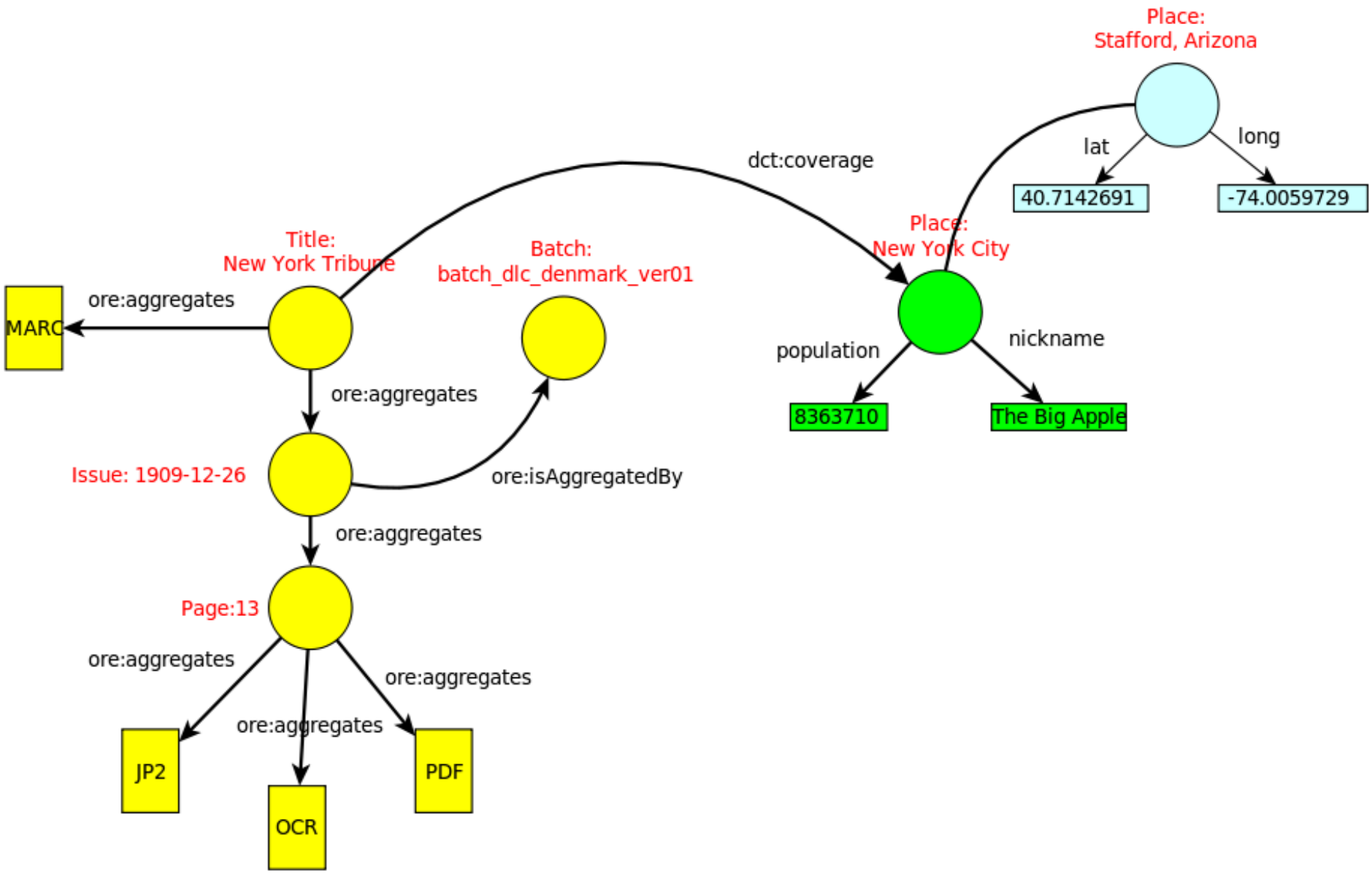
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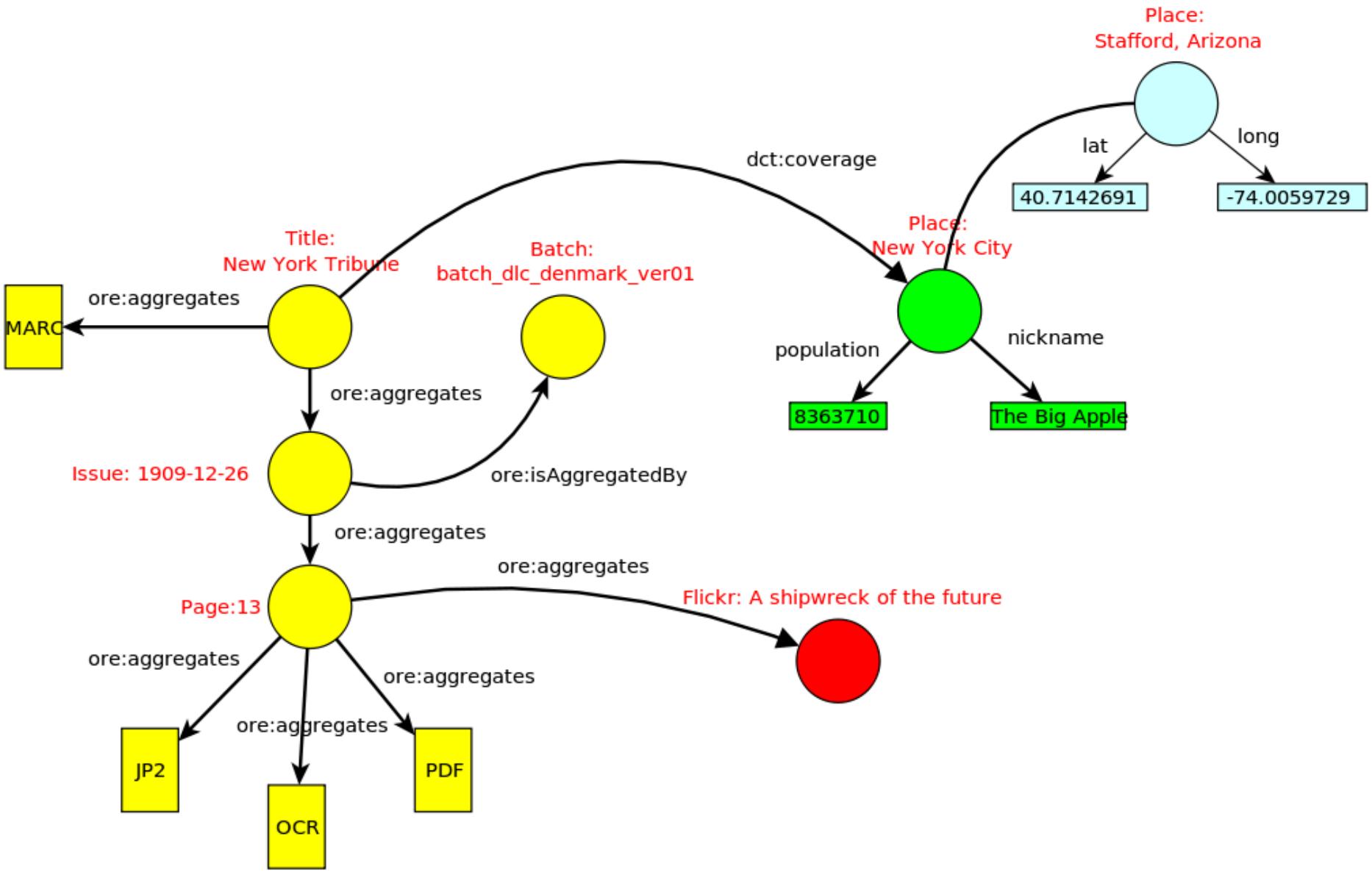
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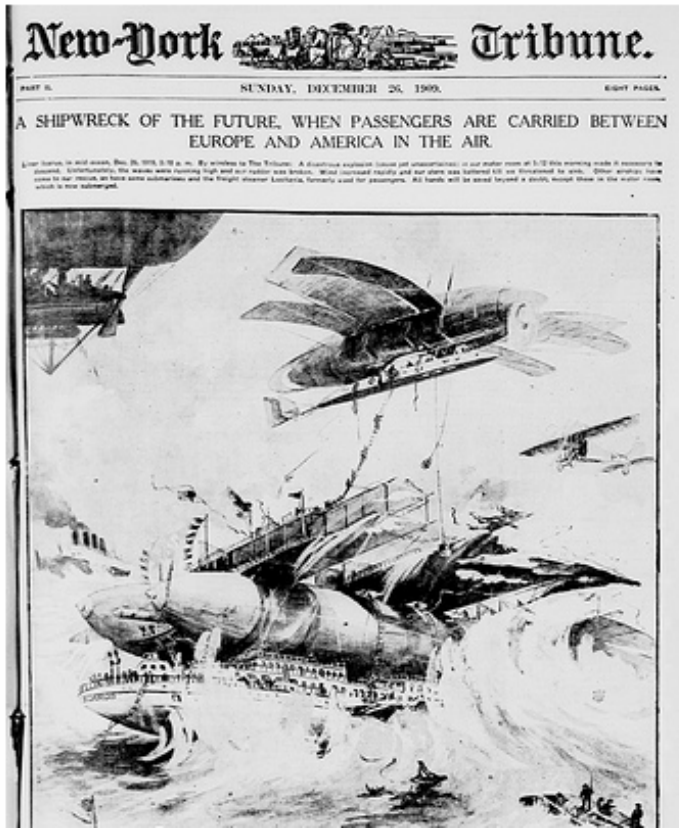

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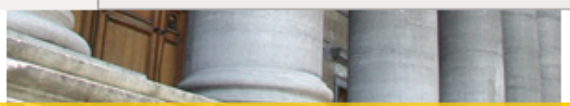

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Research Field	Technology and Engineering
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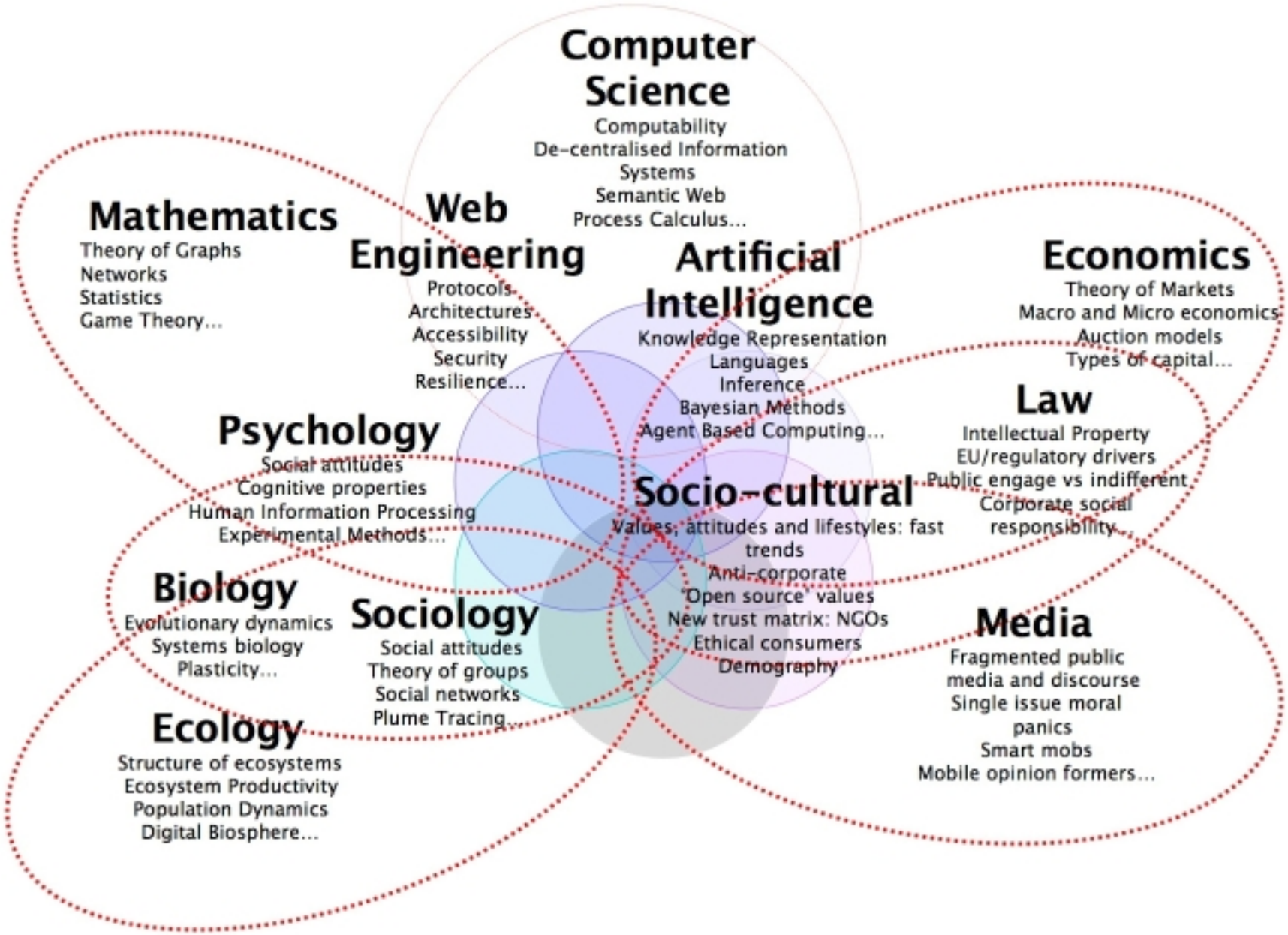
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